CAMDEN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended June 30, 2019

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

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Clerk to the Board Karen Davis

Finance Officer
Sally Norfleet

Register of Deeds
Tammie Krauss

Tax Administrator
Lisa Anderson

Sheriff J. Kevin Jones

County Attorney
John Morrison

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Camden County, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Camden County, North Carolina, as of and for the year then ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Camden County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Camden County ABC Board. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Camden County ABC Board is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of Camden County ABC Board and the Camden County TDA were not audited in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial

statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinions, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Camden County, North Carolina as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Courthouse and Shiloh FD Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Other Postemployment Benefits' Schedules of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, and the Local Government Employees' Retirement System Schedules of the County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and County Contributions, and the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset and Schedule of County Contributions, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Camden County, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules as well as the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the *State Single Audit Implementation Act* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 13, 2019 on our consideration of Camden County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Camden County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

<u> Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA</u>

Wilmington, North Carolina November 13, 2019



Management's Discussion and Analysis

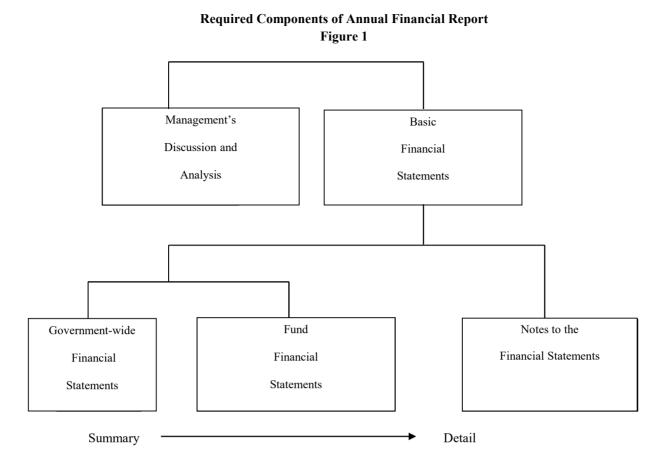
As management of Camden County, we offer readers of Camden County's (the "County") financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- On the government-wide statements, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Camden County's governmental activities exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$39,670,954 (net position). The County's net assets are impacted considerably by bonds that the County has issued on behalf of the Camden County Board of Education. The assets are not reflected in the County's financial statements, but the full amount of the long-term debt related to school construction is reflected in the County's financial statements.
- At the end of the fiscal year, fund balance (before any reserves or designations) for the General Fund was \$11,150,754 or 88% total General Fund expenditures for the current fiscal year. Approximately \$6,482,961 remains as unassigned fund balance. This General Fund balance represents an increase of \$854,412, reflective in part by fund balance appropriated to fund the \$1,471,337 increase in School Current Expense appropriation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.
- The County's combined governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$14,436,004, after the net increase in fund balance of \$1,859,422.
- The County's Net Position increased by \$3,208,038 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.
- The County's total debt decreased during the fiscal year by \$739,807.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Camden County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Camden County.



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1&2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3-9) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the government fund statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary governmental funds statements; 4) the agency fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the County's major and non-major governmental funds, all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Following the Notes is the required supplemental information. This section contains funding information about the County's Other Post Employment Benefit Plan and Pension Plans.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the total of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and the total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the County's basic services such as general administration, taxation and records, human services, education, and public safety. Property taxes, other taxes, and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those where services are provided and customers are charged for those services. These include the water & sewer services offered by the County. The final category is the component units. The Camden ABC Board and Camden TDA are such units.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Camden County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the North Carolina General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Camden County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary fund.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in the governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which provides a current financial focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The County has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for the South Camden Water & Sewer District operations. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The County has two agency funds. These are the funds for Social Services clients and the Nancy M. and H. Clay Ferebee III Camden County Courthouse Trust.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning Camden County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to it's employees.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Camden County's Net Position Figure 2

	Govern		Busines	3 I	T	1
		vities		vities	Tot	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Current and other assets	\$ 13,625,579	\$ 12,837,050	\$ 3,255,136	\$ 5,037,281	\$ 16,880,715	\$ 17,874,331
Restricted Cash	1,471,381	283,553	-	-	1,471,381	283,553
Capital assets	14,090,940	14,415,704	24,587,940	21,915,414	38,678,880	36,331,118
Total assets	29,187,900	27,536,307	27,843,076	26,952,695	57,030,976	54,489,002
Deferred outflows of resources	928,380	583,626	96,619	60,146	1,024,999	643,772
Long-term liabilities outstanding	11,990,018	12,117,910	4,332,428	4,634,507	16,322,446	16,752,417
Other liabilities	1,002,839	887,871	838,251	861,455	1,841,090	1,749,326
Total liabilities	12,992,857	13,005,781	5,170,679	5,495,962	18,163,536	18,501,743
Deferred inflows of resources	207,864	156,695	13,621	11,420	221,485	168,115
Net Position:						
Net investment						
in capital assets	13,046,744	(25,646)	20,194,727	17,196,752	33,241,471	17,171,106
Restricted	2,717,567	1,378,112	-	-	2,717,567	1,378,112
Unrestricted	1,151,248	13,604,991	2,560,668	4,308,707	3,711,916	17,913,698
Total net position	\$ 16,915,559	\$ 14,957,457	\$ 22,755,395	\$ 21,505,459	\$ 39,670,954	\$ 36,462,916

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$39,670,954 as of June 30, 2019. The County's Net Position increased by \$3,208,038 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. At June 30, 2019, the increase in this category of net position is due to repayment of long-term debt and the purchase of capital assets from funds provided by grants.

Net position is reported in three net categories: Net investment in capital assets of \$33,241,471 (84%), Restricted assets of \$2,717,567 (7%), and Unrestricted net position of \$3,711,916 (9%). The amount Net investment in capital assets category is defined as the County's investment in County owned capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, automotive equipment, office and other equipment, and infrastructure) less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The second category of net position is restricted net position. Restricted resources increased by \$1,339,455 for a total of \$2,717,567 at June 30, 2019. Constraints on use are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or can be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or legislation.

The final category of net position is unrestricted net position. This balance may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. At June 30, 2019, the total unrestricted net position decreased to \$3,711,916. The decrease is primarily attributable the retirement of qualified zone academy bonds that were issued on behalf of the school system. Under North Carolina law, the County is responsible for providing capital funding for the school system. The County has chosen to meet its legal obligation to provide the school system capital funding by using a mixture of County funds, earmarked Local Sales Tax collections, loans, and Qualified Zone Academy Bonds. The assets are funded by the County; however, they are utilized by the school system. Since the County, as the issuing government, acquires no capital assets, the County has incurred a liability without a corresponding increase in assets. At the end of the fiscal year, approximately \$14 million of the outstanding debt on the County's financial statements was related to assets included in the school system's financial statements. The school debt is collateralized by a deed of trust granting, among other things, a first lien of record on the Project, including the land constituting a part of the Project, all other buildings, structures, improvement and fixtures thereon, and all appurtenances thereto of any nature whatsoever, excluding mobile or modular classrooms located on the site at any time, subject to permitted encumbrances. Accordingly, the County makes installment payments under the Installment Financing Agreement for payment of the debt. The County's obligation to make payments under the Installment Financing Agreement constitutes a pledge of the County's faith and credit within the meaning of any constitutional provision. Principal and interest requirements will be provided by an appropriation in the year in which they become due.

The impact of the inclusion of the school system debt without the corresponding assets was offset by the following positive operational initiatives and results:

- Camden County has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the County in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 25% of budgeted expenditures.
- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes (excluding motor vehicles) resulted in maintaining a collection percentage in excess of 97.97%.

Camden County Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Gove	nmen	ıtal	Busines	ss-T	уре			
	Ac	tivitie	S	Acti	viti	es	Tot	al	
	2019		2018	2019		2018	2019		2018
Revenues:									
Program Revenues									
Charges for Services	\$ 1,382,043	\$	1,379,474	\$ 1,516,026	\$	1,408,783 \$	2,898,069	\$	2,788,257
Operating grants and contributions	1,952,651		1,154,757	-		-	1,952,651		1,154,757
Capital grants and contributions	-		-	1,464,832		-	1,464,832		-
General revenues:									
Property taxes	8,388,466		8,812,339	-		-	8,388,466		8,812,339
Other taxes	4,643,062		3,619,340	-		-	4,643,062		3,619,340
Investment earnings	171,449		86,956	77,874		22,518	249,323		109,474
Other	36,276		22,173	-		-	36,276		22,173
Total revenues	16,573,947		15,075,039	3,058,732		1,431,301	19,632,679		16,506,340
Expenses:									
General government	2,039,839		2,639,490	_		_	2,039,839		2,639,490
Public Safety	4,248,466		4,151,576	_		_	4,248,466		4,151,576
Economic and physical development	2,220,810		868,908	_		-	2,220,810		868,908
Human services	1,376,593		1,322,806	_		-	1,376,593		1,322,806
Cultural and recreation	709,881		631,222	_		-	709,881		631,222
Education	2,903,100		2,736,484	_		-	2,903,100		2,736,484
Interest on long-term debt	400,501		479,396	_		-	400,501		479,396
Environmental protection	716,655		700,103	_		-	716,655		700,103
Water	· -		-	1,808,796		1,718,203	-		1,718,203
Total expenses	14,615,845		13,529,985	1,808,796		1,718,203	14,615,845		15,248,188
Increase (decrease) in net position before									
transfers and special items	1,958,102		1,545,054	1,249,936		(286,902)	5,016,834		1,258,152
Transfers	, , .		(62,941)	_		62,941	_		_
Transiers			(02,741)			02,741			
Increase (decrease) in net position	1,958,102		1,482,113	1,249,936		(223,961)	3,208,038		1,258,152
Net position, beginning	14,957,457		14,254,605	21,505,459		21,777,393	36,462,916		36,031,998
Restatement	-		(779,261)	_		(47,973)	-		-
Net position, beginning, Restated	14,957,457		13,475,344	21,505,459		21,729,420	36,462,916		35,204,764
Net position, June 30, ending	\$ 16,915,559	\$	14,957,457	\$ 22,755,395	\$	21,505,459 \$	39,670,954	\$	36,462,916

Governmental activities: Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$1,958,102.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$1,249,936.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Camden County's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2019, the governmental funds of the County reported a combined fund balance of \$14,436,004, a 15% increase over last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$6,482,961 while total fund balance reached \$11,150,754. The County currently has an unassigned fund balance of 51% of GF expenditures while total fund balance represents 88% of the same amount. General Fund balance increased \$854,412, reflective in part by fund balance appropriated to fund the \$923,280 increase in School Current Expense appropriation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Proprietary Funds: The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. The total increase in net position was \$1,249,936.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Camden County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019, totals \$38,678,880 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include land, buildings, automotive equipment, office and other equipment, and water and sewer lines.

Major capital assets transactions during the year include:

- Construction and equipment in the water district.
- Construction and equipment in the governmental funds.

Camden County's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 4

	Governmental Activities			ss-Type vities	Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Land	\$ 5,126,521	\$ 5,126,521	\$ 1,050,394	\$ 1,050,394	\$ 6,176,915	\$ 6,176,915	
Buildings	3,324,738	3,467,572		-	3,324,738	3,467,572	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment, vehicles	2,071,402	2,252,090	501,986	515,321	2,573,388	2,767,411	
Other improvements	3,415,280	3,569,521	19,209,353	19,753,817	22,624,633	23,323,338	
Construction in Progress	152,999	-	3,826,207	595,882	3,979,206	595,882	
Total	\$ 14,090,940	\$ 14,415,704	\$ 24,587,940	\$ 21,915,414	\$ 38,678,880	\$ 36,331,118	

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note III(a)5 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt: As of June 30, 2019, the South Camden Water & Sewer District had total bonded debt outstanding of \$939,997. Other outstanding loans include: Drinking Water State Revolving Loan, \$122,037; State Clean Water Bond Loan, \$202,384. Camden County has \$424,892 in outstanding debt that is related to the capital improvement and additional schools built on behalf of the Camden County School Board; Camden County also has a loan with Sterling National Bank in the amount of \$2,702,000. The County has several installment notes outstanding as well. A summary of total long-term debt as of June 30, 2019 is shown below:

Camden County's Outstanding Debt Figure 5

	Governmental		Business-type								
		Activities		Activities					Total		
		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019	2018
General Obligation Debt	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,391,310	\$	4,718,661	\$	4,391,310	\$ 4,718,661
Installment Purchases	9	,793,578		10,206,034		-		-		9,793,578	10,206,034
Total	\$ 9	,793,578	\$	10,206,034	\$	4,391,310	\$	4,718,661	\$	14,184,888	\$ 14,924,695

The State of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The debt margin required by local Resolution is 2%. The current debt margin for Camden County (as calculated on assessed real property only) is 0.37% or \$85,360,927. Well below the allowable debt limit for the County. Additional information regarding the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The unemployment rate in the County was at 4.0% on June 30, 2019, compared with a federal rates of 4.0% and a • State rate of 4.2%. The rate for Camden County reduced from the 4.2% at June 30, 2018.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

Governmental Activities

Several factors will positively affect the economic outlook of the county over the next several fiscal years. Economic forecasts indicate growth in coming years which, while modest, are positive indicators for prospective commercial growth in the county. We have already seen an increase in interest from the retail sectors to locate in Camden County with the recent construction of Camden Towne Center project which will expand the tax base and provide employment. Broadband is being expanded throughout the county due to a USDA grant awarded to Eastern Shore Communications.

Factors that may negatively affect the economic position of the county include the uncertainty surrounding the need for a new County High School expected to cost approximately \$35-\$40 million. Another limiting factor is changes that continue to occur in the state and federal political arena. These changes could create local impacts which causes a large amount of uncertainly for Local Government and Camden County.

Business-type Activities

The County has allocated an additional \$2.65 million in funds for engineering, design and construction of a second wastewater treatment plant to be located in the Courthouse Township. Upon completion, the SCWD expects to be in a better position to provide adequate water and sewer with Camden County. The return on this investment is expected to come from the ability to market adequate capacity for commercial development.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the County's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Officer, Camden County, 330 East Hwy. 158, P.O. Box 190, Camden, NC 27921. You can also call 1-252-338-6363 for more information.



Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Primary Government		Component Units			
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Camden County ABC Board	Camden County TDA	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,944,438	\$ 3,078,947	\$ 16,023,385	\$ 96,117	\$ 88,838	
Restricted cash	1,471,381	-	1,471,381	=	=	
Taxes receivable, net	182,926	-	182,926	-	-	
Accounts receivable, net	459,314	176,189	635,503	=	3,052	
Inventories	-	-	-	112,760	-	
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-	20,745	-	
Accrued interest on taxes receivable	20,329	-	20,329	-	-	
Net pension asset	18,572	-	18,572	=	=	
Capital assets:						
Land, non-depreciable						
improvements, and construction in						
progress	5,279,520	4,876,601	10,156,121	25,405	-	
Other capital assets, net of						
depreciation	8,811,420	19,711,339	28,522,759	99,762		
Total assets	29,187,900	27,843,076	57,030,976	354,789	91,890	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES	928,380	96,619	1,024,999	25,291	-	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued	400.600	464.050	050 654	06.452		
liabilities	408,602	464,052	872,654	86,453	-	
Accrued interest payable	86,265	18,716	104,981	-	-	
Compensated absences payable	85,000	25,000	110,000	-	-	
Current-portion of long-term liabilities	422,972	330,483	753,455	-	-	
Long-term liabilities	1 250 551	120.050	1 200 501			
Net OPEB Liability	1,259,551	139,950	1,399,501	-	-	
Total pension liability - LEOSSA	237,690	-	237,690	- 22.240	-	
Net pension liability - LGERS	991,971	110,219	1,102,190	23,249	-	
Compensated absences payable	130,200	19,529	149,729	-	-	
Due in more than one year	9,370,606	4,062,730	13,433,336	100 702	· <u> </u>	
Total liabilities	12,992,857	5,170,679	18,163,536	109,702	- 	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES	207,864	13,621	221,485	120	=	
Total deferred inflows of resources	207,864	13,621	221,485	120	-	
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	13,046,744	20,194,727	33,241,471	_	_	
Stabilization by State Statute	455,408	20,177,727	455,408	116,888	3,052	
Register of Deeds	2,618	_	2,618	110,000	5,052	
Fire Protection	788,204	_	788,204	-	- -	
School Capital	1,471,337	_	1,471,337	_		
Unrestricted	1,151,248	2,560,668	3,711,916	153,370	88,838	
	\$ 16,915,559					
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,,	,		: =,370	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Part				Program Revenues		Net (Expe	ense) Revenue and Cha	nges in Net Positi	on	
Punctions/Programs		-				P	rimary Government		Compo	nent Unit
Conversion Con	Functions/Programs	Expenses		and	and			Total	County ABC	
Control of the cont	Primary government:									
Public safety	Governmental Activities:									
Cultural and recreation	General government	\$ 2,039,839 \$	273,678 \$	- \$	- \$	(1,766,161) \$	- \$	(1,766,161)		
Component units: Component u	Public safety	4,248,466	695,267	154,351	-	(3,398,848)	-	(3,398,848)		
Human services 1,376,593 - 832,829 - (543,764) -	Cultural and recreation	709,881	6,564	-	-	(703,317)	-	(703,317)		
Education 2,903,100 150,000 - (2,753,100) - (2,753,100) (2,753,100) (2,753,100) (2,753,100) (2,753,100)	Economic and physical development	2,220,810	173,654	903,808	-	(1,143,348)	-	(1,143,348)		
Property taxes, levide for general purpose 1,546,026 1,544,028 1,544,0	Human services	1,376,593	-	832,829	-	(543,764)	-	(543,764)		
Net position, beginning Net position, be	Education	2,903,100	150,000	-	-	(2,753,100)	-	(2,753,100)		
Net position Noge term debt 1400,501 1.610,545 1.382,043 1.952,651 1.464,832 1.1281,151 1.120,622 1.172,06	Environmental protection	716,655	82,880	61,663	-	(572,112)	-	(572,112)		
Number N	Interest on long-term debt	400,501	· -	-	-		-	(400,501)		
Mater 1,808,796 1,516,026 - 1,464,832 - 1,172,062	Total governmental activities	14,615,845	1,382,043	1,952,651	-	(11,281,151)		(11,281,151)		
Mater 1,808,796 1,516,026 - 1,464,832 - 1,172,062	Business-type activities:									
To Component units: To Total component units: Total component	**	1,808,796	1,516,026	-	1,464,832	-	1,172,062	1,172,062		
To Component units: To Total component units: Total component	Total business-type activities	1.808.796	1.516.026		1.464.832		1.172.062	1.172.062		
TDA	51	\$ 16,424,641 \$	2,898,069 \$	1,952,651 \$		(11,281,151) \$				
TDA	Component units:									
ABC Board 1,540,870 1,544,028		\$ 22.349 \$	- \$	- \$	-				\$ - 9	(22.349)
Total component units Sample Samp		, ,- , ,			_					- (,,
Taxes: Property taxes, levied for general purpose 8,388,466 - 8,388,466 - - Local option sales tax 1,109,574 - 1,109,574 - - Other taxes and licenses 3,533,488 - 3,533,488 - 17,528 Investment earnings, unrestricted 171,449 77,874 249,323 - 1,119 Miscellaneous, unrestricted 36,276 - 36,276 - 36,276 - 1,9947 Change in net position 13,239,253 77,874 13,317,127 - 19,947 Change in net position, beginning 14,957,457 21,505,459 36,462,916 267,100 94,292				\$	-					(22,349)
Taxes: Property taxes, levied for general purpose 8,388,466 - 8,388,466 - - Local option sales tax 1,109,574 - 1,109,574 - - Other taxes and licenses 3,533,488 - 3,533,488 - 17,528 Investment earnings, unrestricted 171,449 77,874 249,323 - 1,119 Miscellaneous, unrestricted 36,276 - 36,276 - 36,276 - 1,300 Total general revenues, special items, and transfers 13,239,253 77,874 13,317,127 - 19,947 Change in net position 1,958,102 1,249,936 3,208,038 3,158 (2,402) Net position, beginning 14,957,457 21,505,459 36,462,916 267,100 94,292		Canaral revenues								
Property taxes, levied for general purpose 8,388,466 - 8,388,466 - - Local option sales tax 1,109,574 - 1,109,574 - - Other taxes and licenses 3,533,488 - 3,533,488 - 3,533,488 - 17,528 Investment earnings, unrestricted 171,449 77,874 249,323 - 1,119 Miscellaneous, unrestricted 36,276 - 36,276 - 36,276 - 1,9947 Total general revenues, special items, and transfers 13,239,253 77,874 13,317,127 - 19,947 Change in net position 1,958,102 1,249,936 3,208,038 3,158 (2,402) Net position, beginning 14,957,457 21,505,459 36,462,916 267,100 94,292										
Local option sales tax 1,109,574 - 1,109,574 - - Other taxes and licenses 3,533,488 - 3,533,488 - 3,533,488 - 17,528 Investment earnings, unrestricted 171,449 77,874 249,323 - 1,119 Miscellaneous, unrestricted 36,276 - 36,276 - 36,276 - 1,300 Total general revenues, special items, and transfers 13,239,253 77,874 13,317,127 - 19,947 Change in net position 1,958,102 1,249,936 3,208,038 3,158 (2,402) Net position, beginning 14,957,457 21,505,459 36,462,916 267,100 94,292			avied for general nurr	0000		8 388 466	_	8 388 466	_	_
Other taxes and licenses 3,533,488 - 3,533,488 - 17,528 Investment earnings, unrestricted 171,449 77,874 249,323 - 1,119 Miscellaneous, unrestricted 36,276 - 36,276 - 36,276 - 1,300 Total general revenues, special items, and transfers 13,239,253 77,874 13,317,127 - 19,947 Change in net position 1,958,102 1,249,936 3,208,038 3,158 (2,402) Net position, beginning 14,957,457 21,505,459 36,462,916 267,100 94,292				1030		, ,	_	, ,	_	_
Investment earnings, unrestricted 171,449 77,874 249,323 - 1,119 Miscellaneous, unrestricted 36,276 - 36,276 - 1,300 Total general revenues, special items, and transfers 13,239,253 77,874 13,317,127 - 19,947 Change in net position 1,958,102 1,249,936 3,208,038 3,158 (2,402) Net position, beginning 14,957,457 21,505,459 36,462,916 267,100 94,292						, ,		, ,		17 520
Miscellaneous, unrestricted 36,276 - 36,276 - 1,300 Total general revenues, special items, and transfers 13,239,253 77,874 13,317,127 - 19,947 Change in net position 1,958,102 1,249,936 3,208,038 3,158 (2,402) Net position, beginning 14,957,457 21,505,459 36,462,916 267,100 94,292									_	
Total general revenues, special items, and transfers 13,239,253 77,874 13,317,127 - 19,947 Change in net position 1,958,102 1,249,936 3,208,038 3,158 (2,402) Net position, beginning 14,957,457 21,505,459 36,462,916 267,100 94,292									_	
Change in net position 1,958,102 1,249,936 3,208,038 3,158 (2,402) Net position, beginning 14,957,457 21,505,459 36,462,916 267,100 94,292				is and transfers						
				is, and transfers						
		Net position, beginning				14.957.457	21.505.459	36.462.916	267.100	94,292
10,713,337 \$ 44,73,373 \$ 37.070.734 \$ 470.430 \$ 71.070		Net position, ending			\$	16,915,559 \$	22,755,395 \$	39,670,954	\$ 270,258	91,890

Camden County, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Major		NonMajor	
	General Fund	Courthouse and Shiloh FD	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cook including time denogite	\$ 10.962.508 \$	424 012 ¢	1 557 010	\$ 12,944,438
Cash, including time deposits Restricted cash	\$ 10,962,508 \$	424,012 \$	1,557,918 1,471,381	1,471,381
Accounts receivable, net	626,485	5,694	10,061	642,240
Total assets	\$ 11,588,993 \$			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued				
liabilities	226,574	4,582	177,446	408,602
Total liabilities	226,574	4,582	177,446	408,602
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property taxes receivable	181,138	1,323	465	182,926
Prepaid taxes	30,527			30,527
Total deferred inflows of resources	211,665	1,323	465	213,453
Fund balances: Restricted				
Stabilization by State Statute	445,347	-	10,061	455,408
Register of Deeds	-	-	2,618	2,618
Fire Protection	-	423,801	364,403	788,204
School Capital Committed	-	-	1,471,337	1,471,337
Capital Reserve	4,222,446	_	_	4,222,446
Tax Revaluation	1,222,110	-	356,379	356,379
Economic Development	-	-	656,651	656,651
Unassigned	6,482,961			6,482,961
Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	11,150,754	423,801	2,861,449	14,436,004
resources and fund balances	\$11,588,993_\$	429,706 \$	3,039,360	
Amounts reported for governmental act different because:	tivities in the statemen	t of net position (Ex	thibit 1) are	
Net pension asset. Contributions to the pension plan in t	the current fiscal year a	are deferred outflov	vs of resources	18,572
on the Statement of Net Position.				899,596
Benefit payments and pension admin		SSA are deferred ou	itflows of	20 504
resources on the Statement of Net Po				28,784
Deferred inflows of resources in fund Other assets are not available to pay f			fore are not	182,926
accrued as income in the funds.	or current period exp	chartares and there	iore are not	20,329
Capital assets used in governmental a	activities are not financ	ial resources and th	erefore are not	,
reported in the funds.				14,090,940
OPEB and Pension related deferrals.				(177,337)
Long-term debt included as net positi	ion below (includes the	e addition of long-te	erm debt and	
principal payments during the year.)	•	3		(10,095,043)
Net pension liability - LEOSSA.				(237,690)
Net OPEB liability.				(1,259,551)
Net pension liability - LGERS.				(991,971) \$ 16,915,559
Net position of governmental activities	55			φ 10,915,559

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Majo	or		NonMajor	
					Other	Total
			Courthouse		Governmental	Governmental
		General Fund	and Shiloh FD		Funds	Funds
REVENUES		0.044.065 #	60.4 55	_	00 =04 h	0.004.054
Ad valorem taxes	\$	8,244,965 \$	68,175	\$	83,731 \$, ,
Other taxes and licenses		3,113,073	268,947		1,199,219	4,581,239
Unrestricted intergovernmental		99,310	-		-	99,310
Restricted intergovernmental		1,051,192	2,800		903,808	1,957,800
Local Contributions		-	-		273,568	273,568
Permits and fees		806,286	9,000		82,880	898,166
Sales and services		117,587	-		50,086	167,673
Investment earnings		134,272	8,550		28,627	171,449
Miscellaneous		22,142	10,144		3,990	36,276
Total revenues	į	13,588,827	367,616		2,625,909	16,582,352
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		2,256,783	-		5,025	2,261,808
Public safety		3,693,377	155,737		107,688	3,956,802
Environmental protection		618,367	-		55,061	673,428
Economic and physical development		812,520	-		1,393,179	2,205,699
Culture and recreation		602,544	-		46,294	648,838
Human services		1,257,405	-		-	1,257,405
Intergovernmental:						
Education		2,895,000	-		8,100	2,903,100
Debt service:						
Principal		227,473	105,331		79,652	412,456
Interest		370,946	12,283		20,165	403,394
Total expenditures		12,734,415	273,351		1,715,164	14,722,930
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	•		,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
expenditures	,	854,412	94,265		910,745	1,859,422
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Proceeds of long-term debt		-	-		-	-
Transfer to component unit		-	-		-	-
Transfers to other funds		_	_		_	-
Transfers from other funds		_	_		_	-
Total other financing sources and uses		-	-		-	
Net change in fund balance		854,412	94,265		910,745	1,859,422
Fund balances-beginning, restated		10,296,342	329,536		1,950,704	12,576,582
Fund balances-ending	\$	11,150,754 \$	423,801	\$	2,861,449 \$	14,436,004

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Accrued interest Compensated absences Pension expense Other postemployment benefits Total changes in net position of governmental activities	(270,014) (77,949)	(356,035)
Compensated absences Pension expense	(270,014)	
Compensated absences		
	[10,505]	
	2,893 (10,965)	
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	0.000	
Same expenses reported in the Statement of Astivities de		
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		412,456
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:		8,240
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		230,628
Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities		28,784
Contributions and pension administration costs for OPEB are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position		99,371
Cost of asset disposed of during the year		-
		(324,764)
Depreciation expense for governmental assets	(668,364)	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays increases exceeded the book value of capital outlay decreases in fiscal year. Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	343,600	
changes in fund balance - total government funds		\$ 1,859,422

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		General Fund						
	-	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			_		_		_	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	8,142,198	\$	8,142,198	\$	8,244,965	\$	102,767
Other taxes and licenses		2,205,000		2,299,500		2,372,229		72,729
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues		90,500		82,300		99,310		17,010
Restricted intergovernmental revenues Permits and fees		1,208,070		1,221,265		1,051,192		(170,073)
Sales and services		503,500		634,819 133,501		806,286		171,467
		121,400		133,501		117,587		(15,914)
Local contributions		46,000		- 46 21 F		00.465		44.250
Investment earnings		46,000		46,215		90,465		44,250
Miscellaneous	-	11,660		15,300		22,142	-	6,842
Total revenues	-	12,328,328		12,575,098		12,804,176	-	229,078
Expenditures Current:								
General government		2,255,507		2,485,944		2,029,023		456,921
Public safety		3,677,817		4,432,073		3,693,377		738,696
Economic and physical development		725,067		719,529		618,367		101,162
Environmental protection		813,883		982,660		812,520		170,140
Human Services		1,152,148		1,459,468		1,257,405		202,063
Cultural and recreational		466,126		665,534		602,544		62,990
Intergovernmental:		,		000,001				0=,
Education		2,895,000		2,895,000		2,895,000		-
Debt service:		,,		,,		,,		
Principal retirement		228,861		228,861		227,473		1,388
Interest		380,000		380,000		370,946		9,054
Total expenditures	-	12,594,409		14,249,069		12,506,655		1,742,414
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(266,081)		(1,673,971)		297,521		1,971,492
Other financing sources (Uses)								
Transfers from other funds		-		-		-		-
Transfers to other funds		-		-		(300,000)		(300,000)
Proceeds from Installment Loan		-		-		-		-
Fund Balance Appropriated		266,081		1,673,971		-		(1,673,971)
Total other financing sources and uses	-	266,081		1,673,971		(300,000)	-	(1,973,971)
Net change in fund balance	\$	_	\$	_		(2,479)	\$	(2,479)
vet change in runa balance	Ψ=		- Ψ=		=	(2,17)	Ψ=	(2,179)
Fund Balances - Beginning						6,930,787		
Fund Balances - Ending					\$	6,928,308	•	
A legally budgeted Special Capital Fund is consolidate nto the General Fund for reporting puposes: Other taxes and licenses Investment earnings	ed				\$	740,844 43,807		
Transfer-in from General Fund						300,000		
Expenditures						(227,760)		
Fund Balance, Beginning						3,365,555		

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Courthouse and Shiloh FD						
	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	Actual	W	Variance Vith Final Positive Negative)
Revenues:							
Ad valorem taxes	\$	63,355	\$	63,355 \$	68,175	\$	4,820
Other taxes and licenses		253,421		253,421	268,947		15,526
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues		-		-	-		-
Restricted intergovernmental revenues		-		-	2,800		2,800
Permits and fees		9,000		9,000	9,000		-
Sales and services		-		· -	-		-
Local contributions		-		-	-		-
Investment earnings		1,500		8,500	8,550		50
Miscellaneous		-		18,660	10,144		(8,516)
Total revenues	_	327,276	_	352,936	367,616		14,680
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government		-		-	-		-
Public safety		209,662		704,401	155,737		548,664
Economic and physical development		-		-	-		-
Environmental protection		-		-	-		-
Human Services		-		-	-		-
Cultural and recreational		-		-	-		-
Intergovernmental:							
Education		-		-	-		-
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		117,614		105,331	105,331		-
Interest		-		12,283	12,283		-
Total expenditures	_	327,276		822,015	273,351		548,664
Revenues over (under) expenditures		-		(469,079)	94,265		563,344
Other financing sources (Uses)							
Transfers from other funds		-		-	-		-
Transfers to other funds		-		-	-		-
Proceeds from Installment Loan		-		469,079	-		469,079
Fund Balance Appropriated		-		-	-		-
Total other financing sources and uses	_	-		469,079	-		(469,079)
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u>-</u> :	\$	<u>-</u>	94,265	\$	94,265
Fund Balances - Beginning	_				329,536		
Fund Balances - Ending				¢	423,801		

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2019

	Major South Camden Water & Sewer District
Assets	
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Total Current Assets	\$ 3,078,947 176,189 3,255,136
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Land and non-depreciable assets Other capital assets, net of depreciation Capital assets (net) Total noncurrent assets	4,876,601 19,711,339 24,587,940 24,587,940
Total Assets	27,843,076
Deferred Outflows of Resources Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year Total deferred outflows of resources	96,619 96,619
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable & accrued liabilities Current portion of long-term debt Compensated absences Accrued Interest Due to other funds Total Current Liabilities	464,052 330,483 25,000 18,716 - 838,251
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits Net pension liability Long term obligations payable Total noncurrent liabilities	19,529 139,950 110,219 4,062,730 4,332,428
Total Liabilities	5,170,679
Deferred Inflows of Resources Total deferred inflows of resources	13,621 13,621
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	20,194,727 2,560,668
Total Net Position	\$ 22,755,395

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Major
	South Camden
	Water & Sewer
	District
Operating revenues:	
Charges for Services - Water	\$ 1,200,735
Charges for Services - Sewer	154,823
Hook-up connection fees and taps	73,950
Penalties	39,810
Miscellaneous	46,708
Total Operating Revenues	1,516,026
Otime	
Operating expenses:	455.255
Reverse osmosis plant Water distribution	455,355
	440,025 201,906
Wastewater operations Depreciation	201,906 557,799
Total operating expenses	1,655,085
rotal operating expenses	1,055,065
Total Operating Income (Loss)	(139,059)
Nonoperating Revenues(Expenses):	
Interest income	77,874
Interest expense	(153,711)
Total Nonoperating Revenues	
(Expenses)	(75,837)
Capital Contributions	1,464,832
Transfers from other funds	-
Changes in net position	1,249,936
Net position, beginning	21,505,459
Total net position, Ending	\$ 22,755,395

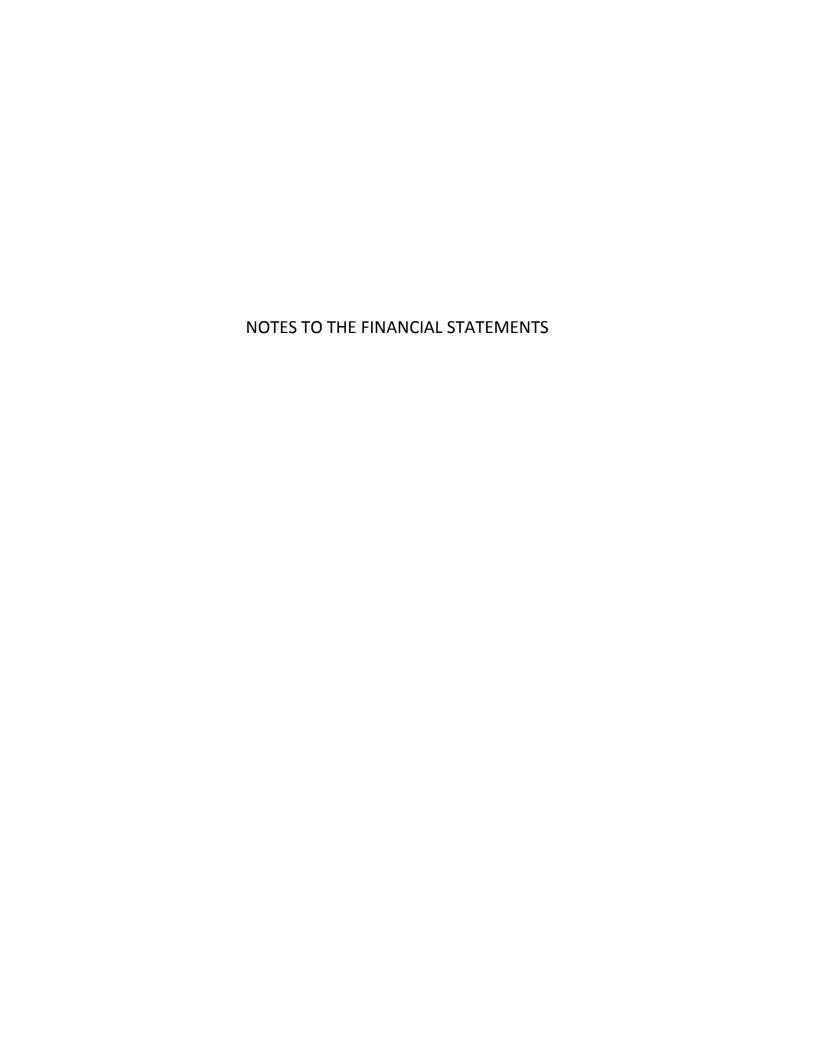
Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Major
	South
	Camden
	Water &
	Sewer
	District
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	
Cash Received from Customers/others	\$ 1,458,731
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(594,474)
Cash paid to employees for services	(536,920)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	327,337
Cash Flows from (use by) capital and related	
financing activities:	
Capital contributions	
Federal and State grants	1,464,832
Principal repayments on long-term debt	(325,448)
Debt proceeds	-
Acquisition of capital assets	(3,230,324)
Interest income	77,874
Interest expense	(153,711)
Net cash flows provided (used) by capital financing activities	(2,166,777)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash	
equivalents	(1,839,440)
equivalents	(1,000), 110)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	4,918,387
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 3,078,947
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss)	
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (139,059)
Adjustments to reconcile operating	
income to net cash provided (used)	
by operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	557,799
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	337,777
(Increase) decrease in accounts	
receivable	(57,295)
Increase (decrease) in accounts	(3.,270)
payable and accrued liabilities	(36,792)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	34,291
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest	(546)
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability	347
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	-
of resources for pensions	(36,473)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	
of resources for pensions	2,201
Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay	2,864
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 327,337
. , , , , ,	

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Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2019

Assets	_	Agency Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,700
Liabilities and Net Position		
Miscellaneous liabilities Total liabilities	_	18,700 18,700
Net Position	\$	-



CAMDEN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Camden County and its component units conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The County, which is governed by a five-member board of commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina under North Carolina General Statute 153A-10. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County and its component units, legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. South Camden Water and Sewer District (*the District*) exists to provide and maintain a water system for the County residents within the District. The District is reported as an enterprise fund in the County's financial statements. The Camden County ABC Board (*the Board*) and Camden County TDA, which has a June 30 year-end, are presented as if they are separate proprietary funds of the County (discrete presentation). The blended presentation methods presents component units as a department or unit of the County, and offers no separate presentation as with the discrete method.

Component Unit	Reporting Method	Criteria for Inclusion	Separate Financial Statement
South Camden Water and Sewer District	Blended	Under State law [NCGS 162A-89], the County's board of commissioners also serve as the governing board for the District	None issued.
Camden County TDA	Discrete	The members of the TDA Board's governing board are appointed by the County.	Camden County Finance P.O. Box 190 Camden, NC 27921
Camden County ABC Board	Discrete	The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the County. The ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the County	Camden County ABC Board P.O. Box 22 Camden, NC 27921

B. Basis of Presentation - Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus - Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating items such as investment earnings are ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Special Capital Fund is a legally budgeted fund under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 it is consolidated in the General Fund.

Courthouse and Shiloh FD - This fund is used to account for the fire needs.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

South Camden Water and Sewer District Fund: This fund is used to account for the operations of the water and sewer district within the County.

Non-major Funds: The County's non- major governmental funds are the Automation Enhancement and Preservation Fund, the Watershed Fund, the Dismal Swamp Visitor Center Fund, the School Capital Fund, the South Mills VFD Fund, the Joyce Creek Drainage Fund, the Community Park Trust Fund, the Eco Dev Fund, the School Fund, the Revaluation Fund, and the Scattered Housing Grant Fund. These funds are used to report specific special revenues and capital projects.

The County reports the following fund types:

Agency Funds: Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. Agency funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others. The County maintains the following Agency Funds: the Social Services Fund, which accounts for moneys deposited with the Department of Social Services for the benefit of certain individuals; the Nancy M and H. Clay Ferebee III Fund which holds donated monies by Mr. and Mrs. Ferebee to be used for the restoration of the Camden County Courthouse.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, except for agency funds which have no measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The County also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County, are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, Fire Districts, and Special Capital Fund, and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for Capital Projects Fund and the Enterprise Capital Projects Funds, which are consolidated with the enterprise operating fund for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for multi-year funds. Amendments are required for revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$5,000. The governing board must approve all amendments. During the year, several material amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflow/Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the County, Camden County TDA, and Camden County ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County, the TDA, and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County, the TDA, and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State Law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the County, Camden County TDA, and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The majority of the County, Camden County TDA, and the ABC Board's investments are carried at fair value. Non-participating interest earning investment contracts are accounted for at cost. The North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT) is a SEC registered money market mutual allowable by G.S. 159-30(c)(8). The NCCMT Government Portfolio is a 2a-7 fund maintaining an AAAm rating from S&P. The NCCMT Term Portfolio is a bond fund, has no rating and has a duration of .11 years. Both the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios are reported at fair value.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County and the TDA pool moneys from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board considers demand deposits and investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less, which are not limited as to use, to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018. As allowed by State law, the County has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes, which are paid prior to the due date. In the County's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

4. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

5. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the ABC Board are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The inventory of the ABC Board consists of materials and supplies held for consumption or resale. The cost of the inventory carried by the ABC Board is recorded as an expense as it is consumed or sold.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

6. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Minimum capitalization cost is \$3,000 for all capital assets. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

The County holds title to certain Camden County Board of Education properties that have not been included in the County's capital assets. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board of Education give the Board of Education full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provide that the County will convey title to the property back to the Board of Education, once all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met. The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Camden County Board of Education.

Capital assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	30
Improvements	25
Plant and Distribution	40
Furniture and equipment	10
Vehicles	5-10
Computer equipment	10

Capital assets of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

Asset Class	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	25
Furniture & Equipment	5-10

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has one item that meets this criterion: contributions made to the OPEB or pension plans in the current fiscal year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has only two items that meet the criterion for this category: prepaid taxes and other OPEB or pension plan deferrals.

8. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source.

9. Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the County, and the ABC Board, generally provides for the accumulation of up to 240 hours earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the County's government-wide and proprietary funds, and the ABC Board, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as leave as earned. The TDA has no employees.

The sick leave policies of the County and the ABC Board provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since none of the entities have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made by the County or its component unit.

10. Restricted Assets

Money in the School Capital Projects Fund is classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 159-18 through 22.

School Capital Projects Fund	
Monies	\$ 1,471,381
Total	\$ 1,471,381

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute – North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is knows as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall no exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net Position and Restricted Fund Balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Register of Deeds - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology for the Register of Deeds' office.

Restricted for Fire Protection - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for fire protection expenditures.

Restricted for School Capital- portion of fund balance that can only be used for School Capital per G.S. [159-18-22].

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of Camden County's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Capital Reserve – This fund is used to account for the land, building, and infrastructure acquisitions. Committed for Tax Revaluation- portion of fund balance that can only be used for Tax Revaluation.

 $Assigned\ Fund\ Balance\ -\ portion\ of\ fund\ balance\ that\ the\ County\ intends\ to\ use\ for\ specific\ purposes.$

Subsequent year's expenditure - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the manager to modify the appropriations by resource or appropriation within funds up to \$100,000.

Unassigned Fund Balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

Camden County has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the County in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 20% of budgeted expenditures. Any portion of the general fund balance in excess of 25% of budgeted expenditures may be appropriated for one-time expenditures and may not be used for any purpose that would obligate the County in a future budget.

The County of Camden has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-county funds, county funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the County.

12. Defined Benefit Pension and OPEB Plans

The County participates in three cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State; the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (LEOSSA) (collectively, the "state-administered defined benefit pension plans"). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. Investments are reported at fair value.

Reconciliation of Government-wide & Fund Financial Statements

1. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance-total governmental funds and net position-governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$2,479,555 consists of the following elements as follows:

Description	Amount
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide statement in governmental activities column)	\$ 22,657,715
Less accumulated depreciation	(8,566,775)
Net capital assets	14,090,940
Net pension asset.	18,572
Benefit payments and pension administration costs for LEOSSA.	28,784
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position.	899,596
Deferred inflows of resources reported in the fund statements but not the government-wide	182,926
Accrued interest receivable less the amount claimed as unearned revenue in the government-wide statements as these funds are unavailable in the fund statements OPEB and pension related deferrals. Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not recorded in the fund statements:	20,329 (177,337)
Long-term debts, including bonds and notes payable	(9,793,578)
Accrued interest payable	(86,265)
Net pension liability - LGERS	(991,971)
Net pension liability - LEOSSA	(237,690)
OPEB payable	(1,259,551)
Compensated absences	(215,200)
Total adjustment	\$ 2,479,555

2. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of \$98,680 as follows:

Description	Amount
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the Statement of Activities	\$ 343,600
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the Statement of Activities but not in the fund statements	(668,364)
Cost of asset disposed of during the year	-
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements but again affect only the statement of net position in the government-wide statements	412,456
New long-term debt issued	-
Contributions to the OPEB and pension plan in the current fiscal	
year are not included on the Statement of Activities	329,999
Benefit payments and administration costs for LEOSSA	28,784
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in fund statements	
Increase/Decrease in deferred inflows of resources- taxes receivable- at year end	8,240
Expenses reported in the Statement of Activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements. This includes	
accrued interest payable, compensated absences, pension expense and OPEB.	 (356,035)
Total adjustment	\$ 98,680

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. <u>Significant Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions</u>

Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

None.

B. <u>Deficit Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds</u>

None.

C. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

None.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All of the County's, TDA's, and the ABC Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County's, TDA's, or the ABC Board's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County, TDA, and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by their agent in the entities' name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County or the ABC Board, or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County, TDA, or the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for the under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

The State Treasurer enforces standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions. The County relies on the State Treasurer to monitor those financial institutions. The County analyzes the financial soundness of any other financial institution used by the County. The County complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The TDA and ABC Board have no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2019, the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$7,104,463 and a bank balance of \$7,489,358. Of the bank balance, \$0 was covered by federal depository insurance, the remainder was covered by the pooling method.

At June 30, 2019, Camden County had a carrying and bank balance amount of \$18,700 in the fiduciary fund.

At June 30, 2019, Camden County had \$625 of cash on hand.

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of deposits for Camden County ABC Board was \$96,117. All of these amounts were covered by federal depository insurance.

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of deposits for Camden County TDA was \$88,838. All of these amounts were covered by federal depository insurance.

2. Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the County's investments consisted of \$10,389,678 in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The County has no formal policy on credit risk. The ABC Board held no investments at June 30, 2019.

3. Property Tax - Use-Value Assessment on Certain Lands

In accordance with the general statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forestland may be taxed by the County at the present-use value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the two preceding fiscal years, along with the accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable. The following are property taxes that could become due if present-use value eligibility is lost. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

Year Levied	Tax	Interest	Total
2016	1,101,127	261,518	\$ 1,362,645
2017	1,109,759	163,689	1,273,448
2018	1,120,833	-	1,120,833
Total	\$ 3,331,719	\$ 425,207	\$ 3,756,926

4. Receivables

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

		Taxes &			
		Related]	Due From	
		Accrued		Other	
	 Accounts	Interest	Go	overnments	Total
Governmental Activities:					
General	\$ 6,890	\$ 305,138	\$	438,457	\$ 750,485
Other Governmental	-	1,788		13,967	15,755
Total Receivables	6,890	-		-	6,890
Allowance for Doubtful	-	(124,000)		-	(124,000)
Total Governmental	\$ 6,890	\$ 182,926	\$	452,424	\$ 642,240
Business-Type Activities:					
Water/Sewer receivables	\$ 221,804	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 221,804
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	 (45,615)	-		-	(45,615)
Total Business-Type	\$ 176,189	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 176,189

5. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning						Ending		
		Balances						Balances	
	Jυ	July 1, 2018 Increases		ncreases	Γ	ecreases	June 30, 2019		
Governmental Activities:									
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	5,126,521	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,126,521	
Construction in Progress		-		152,999		-		152,999	
Total capital assets not being depreciated		5,126,521		152,999		-		5,279,520	
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings		6,083,713		60,001		-		6,143,714	
Other improvements		5,138,344		3,958		-		5,142,302	
Equipment		2,093,747		23,790		-		2,117,537	
Vehicles and motor equipment		3,871,790		102,852		-		3,974,642	
Total capital assets being depreciated		17,187,594		190,601		-		17,378,195	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings		2,616,141		202,835		-		2,818,976	
Other improvements		1,568,823		158,199		-		1,727,022	
Equipment		1,228,014		78,187		-		1,306,201	
Vehicles and motor equipment		2,485,433		229,143		-		2,714,576	
Total accumulated depreciation		7,898,411	\$	668,364	\$	-		8,566,775	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		9,289,183	_					8,811,420	
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	14,415,704					\$	14,090,940	

 $Depreciation\ expense\ was\ charged\ to\ functions/programs\ of\ the\ primary\ government\ as\ follows:$

General government	\$ 116,875
Public Safety	320,899
Environmental Protection	42,187
Economic and Physical Development	7,797
Human Services	122,661
Cultural and Recreational	57,945
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 668,364

		Beginning Balances uly 1, 2018		Increases	Decreases	Ju	Ending Balances ine 30, 2019
Business-type Activities							
Water & Sewer District							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	1,050,394	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,050,394
Construction in progress		595,882		3,230,325	-		3,826,207
Total capital assets not being depreciated		1,646,276		3,230,325	-		4,876,601
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Plant and distribution systems		26,198,364		-	-		26,198,364
Furniture and equipment		100,326		-	-		100,326
Vehicles and motor equipment		616,963		-	-		616,963
Total capital assets being depreciated		26,915,653		-	-		26,915,653
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Plant and distribution systems		6,444,548		544,463	-		6,989,011
Furniture and equipment		71,934		3,208	-		75,142
Vehicles and motor equipment		130,033		10,128	-		140,161
Total accumulated depreciation		6,646,515	\$	557,799	\$ -		7,204,314
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		20,269,138					19,711,339
Total Water and Sewer Fund District, Net	\$	21,915,414	-			<u>¢</u>	24,587,940
Total water and Sewer Fund District, Net	Ψ	21,713,414				Ψ	24,307,740
Discretely presented component unit ABC Board:							
Land	\$	25,405					
Buildings		92,329					
Equipment		7,433	_				
Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$	125,167	-				

B. <u>Liabilities</u>

1. Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2019, were as follows:

	ī	/endors	Accrued Interest	Total
Governmental Activities	\$	408,602	\$ 86,265	\$ 494,867
Business-type Activities	\$	464,052	\$ 18,716	\$ 482,768

- 2. Pension Plan and Other Post Employment Obligations
- a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. Camden County and the ABC Board are participating employers in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic postretirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 8.50% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.84% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$260,864 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Refunds of Contributions – County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported a liability of \$1,102,190 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the County's proportion was .04646%, which was a decrease of 0.00324% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$321,267. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	D	eferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Re	cources
		Resources	Deletted lilliows of Res	ources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	170,042	\$	5,706
Changes of assumptions		292,479		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		151,298		-
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions		7,231		20,696
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		260,864		
Total	\$	881,914	\$	26,402

\$260,864 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2020	292,913
2021	188,427
2022	29,341
2023	83,967
2023	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 594,648

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary Increases	3.50 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2018 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1 % Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
County's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	\$2,647,556	\$1,102,190	(\$189,142)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

(1) <u>Plan Description</u> - Camden County administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The County has made no contributions to this plan. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At the December 31, 2017, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees Receiving Benefits	1
Terminated Plan Members Entitled to,	
But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	-
Active Plan Members	13
Total	14

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting - The County has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

(3) Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5 percent
Salary increases 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Discount rate 3.64 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2018.

Mortality Rate

Deaths After Retirement (Healthy): Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table. The RP-2014 annuitant tables have no rates prior to age 50. The RP-2014 Total Data Set Employee Mortality table is used for ages less than 50.

Deaths After Retirement (Disabled): Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Disabled Annuitants Mortality Table. Rates for male members are multiplied by 103% for all ages. Rates for female members are multiplied by 99% for all ages.

Deaths Before Retirement: Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set Employee Mortality Table.

Mortality Projection: All mortality rates are projected from 2014 using generational improvement with Scale MP-2015.

(4) Contributions

The County is required by article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The County paid \$0 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported a total pension liability of \$237,690. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 based on a December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$15,004.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Re			
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions and other inputs	\$	- 15,642	\$	52,698 13,545
County benefit payments and administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date.	\$	15,642	\$	66,243

The County paid \$0 in benefit payments and \$0 in administrative expenditures subsequent to the measurement date that are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions which will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30	
2020	(11,046)
2021	(11,046)
2022	(11,046)
2023	(10,448)
2024	(7,015)
Thereafter	-
	\$ (50,601)

\$0 paid as benefits came due and \$0 of administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Sensitivity of the County's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.64 percent, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.64 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.64 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	19	% Increase
	(2.64%)		(3.64%)		(4.64%)
Total pension liability	\$	261,479	\$	237,690	\$	216,165

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2019
Beginning balance	\$ 263,319
Service Cost	18,007
Interest on the total pension liability	8,043
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total	
pension liability	(22,941)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(11,127)
Benefit payments	(17,611)
Other changes	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 237,690

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description - The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of the State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy - Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$249,249, which consisted of \$164,239 from the County and \$85,010 from the law enforcement officers.

d. Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Plan Description. Camden County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a noncontributory, defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county register of deeds who is retired under the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Resisters of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

Contributions. Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$3,817 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported an asset of \$18,572 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2018, the County's proportion was 0.11186%, which was a increase of 0.00529% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$5,030. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of			
	Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	•	164 \$ 848 173 -		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	2,	960 -		
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	;	1,202		
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3,	317 -		
Total	\$ 8,3	.06 \$ 2,050		

\$3,817 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2020	1,086
2021	(178)
2022	872
2023	459
2024	-
Total	\$ 2,239

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary Increases 3.50 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 3.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2018 is 1.4%.

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2019 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.75 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1 % Decrease (2.75%)	Discount Rate (3.75%)	1% Increase (4.75%)	
County's proportionate share of the net				
pension liability (asset)	\$14,643	\$18,572	\$21,886	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

e. <u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expense</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

The net pension liability for LGERS and ROD was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability for LEOSSA was measured as of June 30, 2018, with an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2017. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	<u>LGERS</u>		ROD	<u>LEOSSA</u>		<u>Total</u>
Proportionate Share of Net Pension						
Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,1	02,190 \$	(18,572)	n/a	\$	1,083,618
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.046	46% 0.3	11186%	n/a		
Total Pension Liability	\$	- \$	- \$	237,690	\$	237,690
Pension Expense	\$ 3	21,267 \$	5,030 \$	15,004	\$	341,301

As June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	LGERS	<u>ROD</u>	LEOSSA	<u>Total</u>
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 170,042	\$ 164	\$ -	\$ 170,206
Changes of assumptions	292,479	873	15,642	308,994
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	151,298	2,960	-	154,258
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	7,231	292	-	7,523
County contributions (LGERS, ROD)/benefit payments and administration costs (LEOSSA) subsequent to the measurement date	260,864	3,817	-	264,681
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>				
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 5,706	\$ 848	\$ 52,698	\$ 59,252
Changes of assumptions	-	-	13,545	13,545
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	20,696	1,202	-	21,898

f. Other Post Employment Benefits

Healthcare Benefits

<u>Plan Description</u> - Under the terms of the County resolution, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). As of July 1, 2006, this plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the County, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least twenty years of creditable service with the County. The County pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits through private insurers. The County Board may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan. If hired after January 8, 2013 no health benefits will be paid for retirees.

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2018, the date of latest actuarial valuation:

	General
	Employees
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	5
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	41
Total	46

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The County pays the full cost of coverage for the healthcare benefits paid to qualified retirees under a County resolution that can be amended by the County Board. The County has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis.

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$1,399,501 was measured as of December 31, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases 3.5 percent, average, including inflation

Discount rate 3.89 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates 7.50% for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate

rate of 5.00% by 2023

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of the measurement date.

Total OPEB Liability								
Balance at July 1, 2018 Changes for the year	\$	1,396,031						
Service cost		56,912						
Interest		48,580						
Changes of benefit terms		-						
Differences between								
expected and actual		4,942						
Changes in assumptions or								
other inputs		(43,588)						
Benefit Payments		(63,376)						
Net changes		3,470						
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	1,399,501						

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.56% to 3.89%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 2010 through December 2014.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1 % Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
_	(2.89%)	(3.89%)	(4.89%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$1,536,553	\$1,399,501	\$1,276,778	_

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Total ODED Liability	1 % Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$1,236,998	\$1,399,501	\$1.592.921

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$86,610. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		
	Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resourc	es
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 39,325	\$ 4,12	29
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-		-
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-		-
Changes of assumptions	-	92,13	34
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	80,012		_
Total	\$ 119,337	\$ 96,26	53

\$80,012 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2020	(11,388)
2021	(11,388)
2022	(11,388)
2023	(11,388)
2024	(11,386)
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ (56,938)

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

		Deferred	Ι	Deferred
	0	utflows of	Iı	nflows of
	F	Resources	R	esources
(Pensions, OPEB) - difference between expected and actual experience	\$	209,531	\$	63,381
(Pensions, OPEB) - Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		154,258		-
(Pensions) - change in proportion and difference between employer contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		7,523		21,898
(Pensions, OPEB) - change in assumptions		308,994		105,679
Contributions to pension plan subsequent to measurement date (LGERS, ROD)		264,681		-
Benefit payments for the OPEB plan paid subsequent to measurement date		80,012		-
Benefit payments and admin costs paid subsequent to the measurement date (LEOSSA)		-		-
Prepaid taxes not yet earned (General)		-		30,527
Taxes receivable, net, less penalties (General)		-		181,138
Taxes receivable, net, less penalties (Special Revenue)		-		1,788
Total	\$	1,024,999	\$	404,411

f. Other Employment Benefits

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit will be a minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The County considers these contributions to be immaterial.

4. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County participates in three self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners. Through these pools, the County obtains property coverage equal to replacement cost values of owned property subject to a limit of \$125.5 million for any one occurrence, general, auto, professional and employment practices liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence, auto physical damage coverage for owned autos, at actual cash value, crime coverage of \$250,000 per occurrence, workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits and health and dental insurance for County employees. The pools are audited annually by Certified Public Accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the County upon request. Two of the pools are reinsured through a multi-state public entity captive for single occurrence losses in excess of \$50,000 up to a \$2 million limit for liability coverage, \$600,000 of aggregate annual losses in excess of \$50,000 per occurrence for property, auto physical damage and crime coverage, and single occurrence losses of \$350,000 for workers' compensation. For health and dental insurance, the County is insured through Blue Cross Blue Shield of North Carolina, a private insurance company.

The County carries flood insurance on the renovated courthouse. Other buildings are not insured for flood.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the County's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the County's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance Officer is bonded for \$550,000, the tax collector is bonded for \$50,000 and the sheriff is bonded for \$25,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$15,000.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and no claims have been made in the past three years.

Camden County ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Board has commercial property, general liability, auto liability, workers' compensation, and employee health coverage. The Board does have liquor legal liability coverage. In accordance with G.S. 18B-803, the ABC Board's employees that have access to the Board's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. Employees are bonded under an employment practices bond for up to \$5,000 per claim. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

5. Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2019, the County was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the County's management and the County attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position.

6. Long-Term Obligations

a. Installment Purchases

As authorized by State law [G.S. 160A-20 and 153A-158.1], the County has financed various property acquisitions for use by Camden County Board of Education by installment purchase. The installment purchases were issued pursuant to a deed of trust that requires that legal title remain with the County as long as the debt is outstanding. The County has entered into a lease with Camden County Board of Education that transfers the right and responsibilities for maintenance and insurance of the property to the Board of Education. The lease calls for nominal annual lease payments and also contains a bargain purchase option. The lease term is the same as that of the installment purchase obligation. Due to the economic substance of the transaction, the capital assets associated with the installment purchase obligation are recorded by the Board of Education. These loans are included in the loans described below.

The direct placement installment purchases of the County, including the Qualified Zone Academy Bonds, are outlined below:

\$10,000,000 direct placement loan from US Department of Agriculture for the construction of an intermediate school. The note calls for annual payments of \$520,000 for 40 years which includes interest at 4.125%. Matures in 2049 and has twenty-eight more payment until paid in full.	8,540,778
\$550,652 direct placement loan from Xenith Bank for the purchase of Sutphen Fire Truck. The loan is secured with the property. The loan is secured by the asset purchased. The loan calls for annual payments of \$105,331 to \$115,048 for 5 years plus interest at 2.2%. Matures in 2023 and the County has four more payments until paid in full.	445,321
\$725,000 direct placement loan from BB&T dated August 16, 2010 for the construction of a Fire Station Building. The loan is secured by the asset purchased. The loan calls for annual payments of \$36,250 plus interest at 3.89%. Matures in 2027 and the County has twelve more payments until paid in full.	435,000
\$453,000 direct placement loan from BB&T for the re-finance of a two pumper trucks. The loan is secured by the asset purchased. The loan calls for annual payments of \$48,072 including interest at 2.09%. Matures in 2021 and the County has one more payment until paid in full.	44,309
\$264,000 direct placement loan from Rural Housing Service to finance courthouse renovations. The loan is secured by the courthouse. The note calls for annual payments of \$20,297 including interest at 4.5%. Matures in 2026 and the County has seven more payments until paid in full.	119,566
\$1,000,000 direct placement loan from Bank of America, N.A. for renovation and modernization of Camden High School and Camden Middle School. The note is secured by a deed of trust on the two schools and calls for an annual payments of \$50,000 plus 4.4%. This note was paid off and refinanced with a principal amount of \$572,000 and calls for annual payments of \$52,150 plus interest at 2.29%. Matures in 2024 and the County has five more payments until paid in full.	\$ 208,604

9,793,578

b. General Obligation Indebtedness

All general obligation bonds serviced by the County's general fund are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the County. South Camden Water and Sewer District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major water and sewer capital improvements. These bonds, which are recorded in the Water District Fund, are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the District. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.

The County's general obligation bonds are payable at June 30, 2019, are comprised of the following individual issues:

Serviced by South Camden Water and Sewer District:

\$1,600,000 - 1996 Water District bonds with annual installments of \$17,000 to \$66,000 through June 1, 2036; interest at 4.875%. These Bonds were refinanced with a principal amount of \$1,274,000 with annual installments of \$93,493 plus interest at 3.89%. The County has thirteen more payments until paid in full.

939,997

Other Loans:

Drinking Water State Revolving Direct Borrowing: a loan of \$813,581 calling for 20 annual principal payments of \$40,679 plus interest at 2.87% (payable semiannually). This Note was refinanced during 2013 with a principal amount of \$406,791 with varying annual installments plus interest at 2.19%. Matures in 2032 and the County has three more payments until paid in full.

122,037

State DWSRF Revolving Direct Borrowing: A loan of \$1,367,122 calling for 20 annual principal payments of \$68,356 plus interest at 2.50%. At year end \$1,307,360 has been drawn down on the loan amount. This associated project was completed during the year and half of the outstanding principal was forgiven. The new payments will be for 20 years at \$32,684 with no stated interest rate. Matures in 2032 and the County has thirteen more payments until paid in full.

424,892

State Clean Water Bond Direct Borrowing: A loan of \$1,922,657 calling for 19 annual principal payments of \$101,192 plus interest at 4.02%. This Note was refinanced during 2013 with a principal amount of \$910,732 with varying annual installments plus interest at 2.09%. Matures in 2021 and the County has two more payments until paid in full.

202,384

Sterling National Bank Loan: A direct placement loan of \$2,800,000 dated May 10, 2018 calling for 20 annual principal payments of \$98,000 to \$196,000 plus interest at 3.87%. The loan is secured by the property purchased. Matures in 2038 and the County has nineteen more payment until paid in full.

2,702,000

Total \$ 4,391,310

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the County's and District's general obligation bonds and loans are as follows:

	Govern		Business Type						
Year Ending	Activ	vitie	S		Activities				
June 30,	Principal	Interest			Principal		Interest		
2020	\$ 422,972	\$	390,643	\$	330,483	\$	148,035		
2121	388,680		376,725		336,697		138,983		
2022	399,039		364,161		241,806		129,691		
2023	409,782		350,414		207,517		122,270		
2024	251,163		336,669		214,000		115,491		
2025-2029	1,333,656		1,523,339		1,181,762		541,057		
2030-2034	1,436,663		1,240,109		1,139,045		389,454		
2035-2039	1,669,660		930,340		740,000		72,950		
2040-2044	2,043,634		556,366		-		-		
2045-2049	1,438,329		120,140		-				
Total	\$ 9,793,578	\$	6,188,906	\$	4,391,310	\$	1,657,931		

At June 30, 2019 Camden County had a legal debt margin of \$85,360,927.

c. Long-Term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of changes in the County's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

		Balance 6/30/2018		Increases	г	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2019			Current Portion
C		3/30/2010		IIICI Cases		Jeci eases		3/30/2017		1 01 (1011
Governmental Activities:	ф	10 206 024	ф		ф	(412.456)	ф	0.702.570	φ.	422.072
Installment Purchases	\$	10,206,034	\$		\$	(412,456)	\$	9,793,578	\$	422,972
OPEB		1,256,428		3,123		-		1,259,551		-
Net pension liability (LGERS)		683,350		308,621		-		991,971		-
Net pension liability (LEOSSA)		263,319		-		(25,629)		237,690		-
Compensated absences		204,235		85,164		(74,199)		215,200		85,000
Total governmental										
activities	\$	12,613,366	\$	396,908	\$	(512,284)	\$	12,497,990	\$	507,972
		Balance					Balance			Current
	(6/30/2018		Additions	Re	etirements	6/30/2019			Portion
Business Type Activities:										
General obligation debt	\$	4,718,661	\$	-	\$	(327,351)	\$	4,391,310	\$	330,483
OPEB		139,603		347		-		139,950		-
Net pension liability (LGERS)		75,928		34,291		-		110,219		-
Compensated Absences		41,665		2,864		-		44,529		25,000
Total business type activities	\$	4,975,857	\$	37,502	\$	(327,351)	\$	4,686,008	\$	355,483

Compensated absences for governmental activities typically have been liquidated in the general fund and are accounted for on a LIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

Debt Related to Capital Activities - Of the total Governmental Activities debt listed only \$1,044,196 relates to assets the County holds title.

C. <u>Interfund Balances and Transfer Activity</u>

Transfers to/from other funds are June 30, 2019, consist of the following:

From the General Fund to the Special capital Fund for the capital reserve

\$ 300,000
\$ 300,000

D. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 11,150,754
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	445,347
Capital Reserve	4,222,446
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 6,482,961

III. <u>Ioint Ventures</u>

Developmental Disabilities & Substance abuse Services

The County participates in a joint venture to provide mental health services. East Carolina Behavioral Health (ECBH)coordinates these services through third party providers. The County is one of nineteen county governments participating as a joint venture. Camden County appointed one board member (commissioner) to the ECBH's finance committee. The venture was established as a joint venture among the participating counties to coordinate funding from federal and State agencies and also to realize economies of scale in the providing of mental health services. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments and ECBH, the County appropriated \$20,000 to the ECBH to supplement its activities. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the ECBH, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2019. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the ECBH's office at 112 Health Drive, Greenville, North Carolina 27834-7704.

Central Communications/Emergency Management System

The Emergency Management System was established as a joint venture between Camden County, Pasquotank County, and the City of Elizabeth City to coordinate grant funds and realize economies of scale. Each entity appoints one member to the governing board. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$235,067 to the System to supplement its activities. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the System, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2019. Complete financial statements for the System can be obtained from the System's office at 103 S. Road Street, Elizabeth City, North Carolina 27909.

Albemarle District Jail

The operation of the Jail is shared with two other counties in the surrounding area. Each county's contributions are based on a per capita assessment based on the most recent census figures available, and each county appoints one or more members to the Board. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$178,644 to the Jail to supplement its activities. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Jail, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2019. Complete financial statements for the Jail can be obtained from the Jail's office at 320 S. Hughes Blvd., Elizabeth City, North Carolina 27907.

Albemarle Commission

The County is a member of the Albemarle Commission, which is a voluntary association of county governments. The Commission was established as a joint venture among the participating counties to coordinate funding from federal and State agencies. – the makeup is 1 elected official from each of the 10 counties with a term that does not expire unless the individual is no longer an elected official or another appointment is made by the county. Four at-large members that rotate off the AC Board every 2 years. Currently, the members until the end of the month, are from Currituck, Dare, Gates and Hyde. Starting in January, the members will be from Pasquotank, Perquimans, Tyrrell and Washington until December 31st 2019. On January 1, 2019 the members will be from Camden Chowan Currituck and Dare. The County paid membership fees of \$7,201 to the Commission during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Regional Confinement Facility

The County is a member of the Regional Jail Facility, which is an agreement of three county governments to provide financing, construction and operation of a regional jail. The Facility was established as a joint venture among the participating counties to coordinate funding from local, federal, and State agencies. The County contributed \$337,020 to the Facility during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Albemarle Regional Health Services (ARHS)

Albemarle Regional Health Services is a voluntary association of seven county governments. ARHS was established as a joint venture among the participating counties to coordinate funding from federal and State agencies and to realize economies of scale in providing health care services. The County contributed \$36,716 to ARHS during the year ended June 30, 2019. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in ARHS, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2019. Complete financial statements can be obtained at ARHS's office on 711 Roanoke Avenue, Elizabeth City, North Carolina 27909.

IV. Summary Disclosure of Significant Commitments and Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The County has received proceeds from federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. no provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

V. Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

There are no subsequent events that would have a material affect on the financial statements. Subsequent events have been analyzed through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Contributions - Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Register of Deeds

Schedule of Contributions - Register of Deeds

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability - Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll - Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Camden County, North Carolina Camden County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Six Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2019		2018	 2017	2016	2015	2014
Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.04646	6	0.04970%	0.05110%	0.04870%	 0.0489%	0.0452%
Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 1,102,190	:	\$ 759,278	\$ 1,084,513	\$ 218,383	\$ (288,268)	\$ 544,834
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,112,093	:	\$ 3,089,454	\$ 3,034,188	\$ 2,915,721	\$ 2,883,647	\$ 2,788,528
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	35.429	6	24.58%	35.74%	7.49%	(10.00%)	19.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	92.009	6	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

Camden County, North Carolina Camden County's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Six Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 260,864	\$ 240,505	\$ 235,455	\$ 208,510	\$ 220,612	\$ 219,096
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	260,864	240,505	235,455	208,510	220,612	219,096
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,270,415	\$ 3,112,093	\$ 3,089,454	\$ 3,034,188	\$ 2,915,721	\$ 2,883,647
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	7.98%	7.73%	7.62%	6.87%	7.57%	7.60%

Camden County, North Carolina Camden County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Six Fiscal Years

Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.11186%	 0.10657%	0.11030%	0.09520%	0.1010%	0.1130%
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ (18,572)	\$ (18,190)	\$ (20,622)	\$ (22,066)	\$ (22,909)	\$ (24,145)
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 47,268	\$ 47,161	\$ 51,364	\$ 54,047	\$ 70,695	\$ 50,049
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	(39.29%)	(38.57%)	(40.15%)	(40.83%)	(32.41%)	(48.24%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability **	153.31%	153.77%	160.17%	197.29%	193.88%	190.50%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the ROD plan.

Camden County, North Carolina Camden County's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Six Fiscal Years

Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,817	\$ 3,592	\$ 3,476	\$ 3,024	\$ 3,631	\$ 3,821
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	3,817	3,592	3,476	3,024	3,631	3,821
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 48,687	\$ 47,268	\$ 47,161	\$ 51,364	\$ 54,047	\$ 70,695
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	7.84%	7.60%	7.37%	5.89%	6.72%	5.40%

Camden County, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2019

	2019	2018	2017
Beginning balance	 263,319	269,827	258,110
Service Cost	18,007	16,365	18,554
Interest on the total pension liability	8,043	10,281	9,072
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of			
the total pension liability	(22,941)	(49,014)	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(11,127)	22,818	(7,942)
Benefit payments	(17,611)	(6,958)	(7,967)
Other changes	-	-	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 237,690 \$	263,319	269,827

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

Camden County, North Carolina Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2019

	 2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$ 237,690	\$ 263,319	\$ 269,827
Covered payroll	633,413	699,488	769,983
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	37.53%	37.64%	35.04%

Notes to the schedules:

Camden County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Camden County, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Healthcare Benefits Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$ 56,912 \$	61,214
Interest	48,580	42,356
Changes of benefit terms	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	4,942	(24,332)
Changes of assumptions	(43,588)	(75,041)
Benefit payments	(63,376)	(30,464)
Net change in total OPEB liability	 3,470	(26,267)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 1,396,031	1,422,298
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 1,399,501 \$	1,396,031
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,812,821 \$	1,812,821
County's OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	77.20%	77.01%

Notes to Schedule

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

<u>Fiscal year</u>	<u>Rate</u>
2018	3.56%
2019	3.89%

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.

Camden County, North Carolina General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				_	
Ad Valorem Taxes:					
Taxes \$		\$	8,198,305	\$	
Penalties and Interest		_	46,660	_	
Total	8,142,198	_	8,244,965	-	102,767
Other Taxes and Licenses:					
Local option sales tax			1,109,574		
Telecommunications tax			743,476		
Scrap tire disposal tax			18,107		
Video franchise fee			39,282		
White goods tax			5,246		
Medicaid hold harmless			456,544	_	
Total	2,299,500	_	2,372,229	-	72,729
Unrestricted Intergovernmental revenues:					
Beer and wine tax			44,565		
Payments in lieu of taxes			714		
ABC profit distribution			54,031		
Total	82,300		99,310	_	17,010
Restricted Intergovernmental:					
State and Federal Grants			1,013,167		
ABC profits for law enforcement			4,693		
Solid waste disposal tax			11,394		
Court facilities fees			21,938		
Total	1,221,265		1,051,192	_	(170,073)
Permits and Fees:					
Gun permits			17,530		
Fines and forfeitures			66,297		
Register of Deeds			211,150		
Election fees			2,552		
Business registration fee			440		
Other fees			5,080		
Building permits and inspections, including land use fees	<u> </u>		503,237		
Total	634,819		806,286	_	171,467

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Sales and Services:		50.466	
Rent and Concessions Jail fees		50,466 4,581	
Officer fees		62,540	
Total	133,501	117,587	(15,914)
Investment Earnings: Interest	46,215	90,465	44,250
Miscellaneous:			
Sale of fixed assets		-	
Insurance proceeds		-	
Sale of recyclables		15,171	
Other		6,971	
Total	15,300	22,142	6,842
TOTAL REVENUES	12,575,098	12,804,176	229,078
Expenditures:			
General Government:			
Governing body		86,053	
Administration		378,211	
Finance		214,622	
Tax administration		424,881	
Personnel		71,046 30,765	
Legal Register of deeds		263,819	
Elections		124,734	
Public buildings		406,641	
Fleet vehicles		1,342	
Capital outlay		-	
Court facilities		26,909	
Total general government	2,485,944	2,029,023	456,921

	Final		Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
	Duuget	Actual	(Negative)
Public Safety:			
Sheriff		1,592,048	
Jail		337,020	
Regional jail		178,644	
Juvenile justice and delinquency program		54,268	
School resource officer		112,983	
Inspections		188,193	
Contribution to fire districts		435,527	
Emergency management		559,627	
Central communications		235,067	
Total	4,432,073	3,693,377	738,696
Economic and physical development:			
Economic development		112,602	
Agricultural extension		163,683	
Planning		268,851	
Albemarle commission		7,201	
Resource conservation and development		750	
Soil/water conservation		65,280	
Total	719,529	618,367	101,162
Human services:			
Health:			
Albemarle mental health		20,000	
Nutrition program		27,550	
Regional health		36,716	
Other health programs		35,328	
Total human services	129,931	119,594	10,337
Transportation: Traffic	2,120	2,120	-

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Social services:			
Administration		988,216	
Medical travel		11,514	
County provided assistance		52,749	
Adoptions		6,282	
Aid to the blind program		830	
Foster care		23,260	
Crisis intervention		12,070	
Work first program		14,641	
LIEAP expenses Other assistance		24,000	
	1 227 417	2,129	101 726
Total social services	1,327,417	1,135,691	191,726
Total Human Services	1,459,468	1,257,405	202,063
Cultural and Recreational:			
Recreation		255,965	
Library		186,194	
College of the Albemarle		45,000	
Senior citizens services		115,385	
Total Cultural and Recreational	665,534	602,544	62,990
Environmental protection:			
Public works administration		101,843	
Forestry program		53,189	
Sanitation		657,488	
Total environmental protection	982,660	812,520	170,140
Education:			
Public Schools:			
Current Expense		2,600,000	
Capital Outlay		295,000	
Total Education	2,895,000	2,895,000	
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement		227,473	
Interest and Fees		370,946	
Total Debt Service	608,861	598,419	10,442
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	14,249,069	12,506,655	1,742,414
Revenues over Expenditures	(1,673,971)	297,521	1,971,492

Other financing sources (uses): Fund Balance Appropriated Transfers (to)/from Other Funds: Special revenue - school capital fund Special revenue - capital reserve Water and sewer district Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Final Budget 1,673,971	-	Actual - (300,000) - (300,000)	-	Variance Positive (Negative)
Net change in fund balance	\$		(2,479)	\$_	(2,479)
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1		_	6,930,787		
End of year, June 30		\$_	6,928,308		

Camden County, North Carolina Special Capital Fund

		2019	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Other taxes \$		\$ 740,844	\$
Land sale		-	
Investment earnings		43,807	
Total Revenue	465,000	784,651	319,651
Expenditures			
Operating expenses		227,760	
Capital outlay		-	
Total Expenditures	1,243,825	227,760	1,016,065
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(778,825)	556,891	1,335,716
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from other funds Proceeds from Lease Purchase	325,000 -	300,000	(25,000) -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	325,000	300,000	(25,000)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(453,825)	856,891	1,310,716
Fund Balance Appropriated	453,825		(453,825)
Net change in fund balance \$		856,891	\$ 856,891
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1		3,365,555	
End of Year, June 30		\$ 4,222,446	

OTHER MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Major Governmental Funds - Fire Districts Fund- Courthouse & Shiloh Major Governmental Funds - Special Capital Fund

Camden County, North Carolina Fire District Funds - Courthouse and Shiloh Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

			2019	
	Final Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:		_		
Ad valorem taxes	\$	\$	68,175	\$
Restricted intergovernmental			2,800	
Other taxes			268,947	
Investment earnings			8,550	
Other fees			9,000	
Miscellaneous		_	10,144	
Total Revenues	352,936	-	367,616	14,680
Expenditures:				
Public safety:				
Salaries and benefits			4,095	
Operating expenses			117,471	
Capital outlay			34,172	
Debt service: Principal and Interest		_	117,613	
Total Expenditures	822,015	-	273,351	548,664
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(469,079)	-	94,265	563,344
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds of long-term debt	469,079		-	(469,079)
Transfer to General Fund		_		
Total Other Financing		_	_	
Sources (Uses)	469,079	-		(469,079)
Revenues and Other Financing				
Sources Over (Under) Uses	-		94,265	94,265
Fund Balance Appropriated		_		
Net change in fund balance	\$ 		94,265	\$ 94,265
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of Year, July 1		_	329,536	
End of Year, June 30		\$_	423,801	

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Camden County, North Carolina Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds										Capital Project Funds							
	Automat Enhance and Prese tion Fu	ment erva-	Watershed Fund	<u>Vi</u>	Dismal Swamp isitor Center	School Cap Fund	Sou Mills		Joyce Creek Drainage Fund	Communit Park Trus		Eco Dev Fund	School Fund	Revaluation Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Scattered Housing Grant	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets:																		
Cash and investments Restricted Cash Accounts receivable Taxes receivable (net)	\$ 2,6	18 \$	303,781	\$	72,049 - 347 -	\$ - 1,471,381 - -	3,	220 \$ - 691 -	310,846	\$ 141,025 - 1,267 -	·	- - 4,756 -	- - -	\$ 356,379 - - - -	\$ 1,557,918 1,471,381 10,061	\$ - - - -	\$ - \$ - - 	1,557,918 1,471,381 10,061
Total Assets	\$ 2,6	18 \$	303,781	\$	72,396	\$ 1,471,381	\$ 374,	911 \$	310,846	\$ 142,292	\$	4,756	<u>-</u>	\$ 356,379	\$ 3,039,360	\$	\$	3,039,360
Liabilities and Fund Balances:																		
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Due from other funds Total liabilities	\$ -	\$ 	41,153	\$	3,573 - 3,573	\$ - -		352 \$ - 352	4,200	\$ 2,555		113,564	44		\$ 171,441 	\$ 6,005	\$ 6,005 5	177,446
rotai nabinties		_	41,153	-	3,573		0,.	352	4,200	2,555		113,504	44	<u> </u>	1/1,441	6,005	6,005	1//,446
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property taxes receivable Total deferred inflows of resource	es -		<u>-</u>	· <u> </u>	-	<u>-</u>		465 465	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>			465 465	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	465 465
Fund Balances:																		
Restricted Stabilization by State Statute	_		_		347		3	691		1,267		4,756			10,061			10,061
Register of Deeds	2,6	18	-		-	_	3,	-	-	- 1,207			_	-	2,618	-	-	2,618
Fire Protection	,		-		-	-	364,	403	-	-		-	-	-	364,403	-	-	364,403
Committed																		
Tax Revaluation			-		-	-		-	-	-		-	-	356,379	356,379	-	-	356,379
School capital Economic development	•		262,628		68,476	1,471,381		-	306,646	138,470		(113,564)	(44	ł) -	1,471,337 662,656	(6,005)	(6,005)	1,471,337 656,651
Total fund balances	2,6	18	262,628	-	68,823	1,471,381	368,	094	306,646	139,737		(108,808)	(44	356,379	2,867,454	(6,005)	(6,005)	2,861,449
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 2,6			\$	72,396			911 \$				4,756		\$ 356,379			\$ <u>-</u> -	

Camden County, North Carolina Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Special Revenue Funds

Capital Project Fund

						- r							.,		
	an	Auto nhancement d Preserva- tion Fund	Watershed Fund	Dismal Swamp Visitor Center	School Cap Fund	South Mills VFD	Joyce Creek Drainage Fund	Community Park Trust	Eco Dev Fund	School Fund	Revaluation Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Scattered Housing Grant	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:															
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	- 3	-	\$ - 5	\$ -	\$ 42,155	\$ 41,576	5 - \$	- \$		\$ - \$		-	\$ - \$	
Other taxes		-	-	-	1,026,717	166,580	-	-	422 560	5,922	-	1,199,219	-	-	1,199,219
Local contributions		-	-	-	150,000	-	-	-	123,568	-	-	273,568	-	-	273,568
Donations		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings		13	3,346		11,111	4,533	3,484	1,913	-	87	4,140	28,627	-	-	28,627
Sales		-	-	50,086	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,086	-	-	50,086
Miscellaneous		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,990	-	-	3,990	-	-	3,990
Federal and State grants		-	-	142,857	-	-	-	-	760,951	-	-	903,808	-	-	903,808
Fees	_	5,505	77,375	<u> </u>								82,880	-		82,880
Total revenues	_	5,518	80,721	192,943	1,187,828	213,268	45,060	1,913	888,509	6,009	4,140	2,625,909			2,625,909
Expenditures:															
General government		5,025	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,025	-	-	5,025
Public safety			-	-	_	107,688	-	_	-	-	-	107,688	-		107,688
Environmental protection		-	55,061	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	55,061	-	-	55,061
Economic and physical development		-		194,992	_	-	10,881	_	1.174.771	-	-	1,380,644	12.535	12,535	1,393,179
Cultural and recreation		-	-	-	_	-	-	46,294	· · ·	-	-	46,294	-	-	46,294
Education		-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	8,100	-	8,100	-	_	8,100
Debt service:										-,		0,			-,
Principal retirement		-	-	-	_	79,652	-	_	_	-	-	79,652	-		79,652
Interest and fees		-	-	-	_	20,165	-	_	_	-	-	20,165	-		20,165
Total Expenditures	_	5,025	55,061	194,992		207,505	10,881	46,294	1,174,771	8,100	-	1,702,629	12,535	12,535	1,715,164
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		493	25,660	(2,049)	1,187,828	5,763	34,179	(44,381)	(286,262)	(2,091)	4,140	923,280	(12,535)	(12,535)	910,745
Net change in Fund Balance		493	25,660	(2,049)	1,187,828	5,763	34,179	(44,381)	(286,262)	(2,091)	4,140	923,280	(12,535)	(12,535)	910,745
Fund balances: Beginning of Year, July 1	_	2,125	236,968	70,872	283,553	362,331	272,467	184,118	177,454	2,047	352,239	1,944,174	6,530	6,530	1,950,704
End of year, June 30	\$	2,618	262,628	\$ 68,823	\$ 1,471,381	\$ 368,094	\$ 306,646	139,737 \$	(108,808)	(44)	\$ 356,379	2,867,454 \$	(6,005)	\$ (6,005)	2,861,449

Camden County, North Carolina Automation Enhancement and Preservation Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

				2019	
		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues					
Fees	\$		\$	5,505	\$
Investment Earnings				13	
Other income	_				
Total revenues	-	5,025		5,518	493
Expenditures:					
Operating expenses				5,025	
Total Expenditures	-	5,025		5,025	-
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	-		493	493
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from Other Funds Transfers to Other Funds	<u>.</u>		_	- -	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-			
Revenues and Other Financing					
Sources Over (Under) Uses		-		493	493
Fund Balance Appropriated	-	-			
Net change in fund balance	\$:	493	\$ 493
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1				2,125	
End of Year, June 30			\$	2,618	

Camden County, North Carolina Watershed Fund

				2019		
	-	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues						
Fees	\$		\$	77,375	\$	
Grants				- 2 246		
Investment earnings Total revenues	-	109,275	-	3,346 80,721	•	28,554
P	-		_1		•	
Expenditures: Operating expenses				55,061		
Total Expenditures	=	109,275	-	55,061	•	54,214
•	-	•			•	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	-	-	25,660		25,660
N. 1				25.660		25.660
Net change in fund balance		-		25,660		25,660
Fund Balance Appropriated	_	-	_	-		
N. 4.1	¢			25.660	Φ	25.660
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	=	25,660	\$	25,660
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of Year, July 1				236,968		
End of Year, June 30			\$	262,628		

Camden County, North Carolina Dismal Swamp Visitor Center Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		2019	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Restricted Intergovernmental	\$	\$ 142,857	\$
Sales		50,086	
Miscellaneous	200 457	102.042	(7.514)
Total Revenue	200,457	192,943	(7,514)
Expenditures			
Salaries and benefits		147,539	
Operating expenses		47,453	
Total Expenditures	200,457	194,992	5,465
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,049)	(2,049)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-
Proceeds from Lease Purchase			
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)			
Revenues and Other Financing Sources			
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	-	(2,049)	(2,049)
Fund Balance Appropriated			
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	(2,049)	\$ (2,049)
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of Year, July 1		70,872	
End of Year, June 30		\$ 68,823	

Camden County, North Carolina School Capital Fund

				2019		
D	В	udget	_	Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Other taxes Local contributions Miscellaneous	\$		\$	1,026,717 150,000	\$	
Investment earnings Total Revenues	1,1	123,000	_	11,111 1,187,828	•	64,828
Expenditures: Education: Operating expenses Debt service: Principal				- -		
Debt service: Interest Total Expenditures	1,1	123,000	_		•	1,123,000
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		<u>-</u>	_	1,187,828		1,187,828
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer from other funds Transfer to other funds		- -		- -		- -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			_			
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Uses		-		1,187,828		1,187,828
Fund Balance Appropriated		<u>-</u>		-	-	-
Net change in fund balance	\$			1,187,828	\$	1,187,828
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1				283,553		
End of Year, June 30			\$	1,471,381		

Camden County, North Carolina Fire District Fund - South Mills Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_			2019		
	-	Final Budget	_	Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:	Φ		Φ	40.155	Φ	
Ad valorem taxes	\$		\$	42,155	\$	
Other taxes Investment earnings				166,580 4,533		
Other grants				4,333		
Other fees				-		
Total Revenues	-	237,190	_	213,268		(23,922)
Expenditures:						
Public safety:						
Salaries and benefits				5,795		
Operating expenses				101,893		
Capital outlay				-		
Debt service: Principal and Interest				99,817		
Total Expenditures	-	237,190	_	207,505		29,685
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-		_	5,763		5,763
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from Installment Loan		-		-		-
Transfer to General Fund	_		_			_
Total Other Financing	-		' <u>-</u>	_		
Sources (Uses)	-		_			-
Revenues and Other Financing						
Sources Over (Under) Uses		-		5,763		5,763
Fund Balance Appropriated	-	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u>-</u>		5,763	\$	5,763
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of Year, July 1			_	362,331		
End of Year, June 30			\$_	368,094		

Camden County, North Carolina Drainage Fund - Joyce Creek Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

				2019		
	_	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:	_					
Ad valorem taxes	\$		\$	41,576	\$	
Grants				-		
Investment earnings	_		_	3,484		
Total Revenues	-	42,835	_	45,060		2,225
Expenditures:						
Environmental Protection:						
Operating expenses				10,881		
Capital outlay				-		
Total Expenditures	<u>-</u>	42,835	_	10,881		31,954
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_		_	34,179		34,179
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from Installment Loan Transfer to General Fund Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	<u>-</u> -	_	- - -		- - -
	=		_			
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Uses		-		34,179		34,179
Fund Balance Appropriated	_		_	-		
Net change in fund balance	\$ _			34,179	9	34,179
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1			_	272,467		
End of Year, June 30			\$_	306,646		

Camden County, North Carolina Community Park Trust Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2019								
	Final Budget		Actual	F	Variance avorable nfavorable)				
Revenues									
Restricted Intergovernmental Local Contributions	\$	\$	-	\$					
Investment earnings			1,913						
Total Revenue	99,778		1,913		(97,865)				
Expenditures									
Operating expenses			46,294						
Capital outlay	00.550		-		52.404				
Total Expenditures	99,778		46,294		53,484				
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures			(44,381)		(44,381)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers from other funds	-		-		-				
Proceeds from Lease Purchase									
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					_				
Revenues and Other Financing Sources									
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	-		(44,381)		(44,381)				
Fund Balance Appropriated									
Net change in fund balance	\$ 		(44,381)	\$	(44,381)				
Fund Balance:									
Beginning of Year, July 1			184,118						
End of Year, June 30		\$	139,737						

Camden County, North Carolina Eco Dev Fund

		2019	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Restricted Intergovernmental Local contributions Miscellaneous Investment earnings Total Revenue	\$ 2,147,000	\$ 760,951 123,568 3,990 - 888,509	\$ (1,258,491)
Expenditures Operating expenses Capital outlay Total Expenditures	2,147,000	1,174,771 	972,229
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>-</u>	(286,262)	(286,262)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from other funds Proceeds from Lease Purchase Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	- - -	- - - -	- - -
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	-	(286,262)	(286,262)
Fund Balance Appropriated			
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>-</u>	(286,262)	\$ (286,262)
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1		177,454	
End of Year, June 30		\$ (108,808)	

Camden County, North Carolina School Fund

		2019	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Tax penalties and interest	\$	\$ 5,922	\$
Investment earnings		87	
Total Revenue	8,100	6,009	(2,091)
Expenditures			
Operating expenses		8,100	
Capital outlay			
Total Expenditures	8,100	8,100	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,091)	(2,091)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers from other funds	_	-	-
Proceeds from Lease Purchase	_		
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)	-		
Revenues and Other Financing Sources			
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	-	(2,091)	(2,091)
Fund Balance Appropriated	<u>-</u>		
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	(2,091)	(2,091)
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of Year, July 1		2,047	
End of Year, June 30		\$ (44)	

Camden County, North Carolina Revaluation Fund

		2019	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Ad Valorem taxes	\$	\$ -	\$
Investment earnings		4,140	2110
Total Revenue	2,000	4,140	2,140
Expenditures			
Operating expenses		-	
Capital outlay			
Total Expenditures	255,000	_	255,000
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(253,000)	4,140	257,140
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from other funds Proceeds from Lease Purchase		- -	- -
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)			
Revenues and Other Financing Sources			
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(253,000)	4,140	257,140
Fund Balance Appropriated	253,000		(253,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	4,140	\$ 4,140
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of Year, July 1		352,239	
End of Year, June 30		\$ 356,379	

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds

Camden County, North Carolina Scattered Housing Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Project Author -							Variance Favorable		
		ization		Years		Year	Date		(Unfavorable)		
Revenues:	_	ization		Tours		1 001	-	Built	(cinavoracie)		
Restricted:											
Grant 08-C-1844	\$	37,289	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$		
Grant 11-C-2305		400,000				-		-			
Grant 05-C-1356		400,000				-		-			
Grant 08-C-1817		400,000				-		-			
SFR 12 Grant		160,000				-		-			
SRSF Grant	_	150,000				_		_			
Total Revenues	_	1,547,289		1,521,761			_	1,521,761	(25,528)		
Expenditures:											
Current:											
Economic and physical											
development:	_	1,547,289		1,517,363		12,535	-	1,529,898	17,391		
Revenues over expenditures	_			4,398		(12,535)	_	(8,137)	(8,137)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Transfers in (out)		_		_		_		_	_		
Local contribution		_		2,132		_		2,132	(2,132)		
Total Other Financing	_			, -			_				
Sources (Uses)		_		2,132		_		2,132	(2,132)		
22.22.22	_	_					_		(=,)		
Net change in fund balance	\$ =		\$	6,530	\$	(12,535)	\$_	(6,005)	\$ (6,005)		
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1					_	6,530					
End of Year, June 30					\$_	(6,005)					

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Camden County, North Carolina Enterprise Fund - Water & Sewer District Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_			2019		
		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	_		_		•	
Operating Revenues						
Water sales	\$		\$	1,078,685	\$	
Tap on Fees Penalties				73,950 39,810		
Miscellaneous				39,810		
Total water sales	_	1,658,744	_	1,192,445	•	(466,299)
Waste water sales				154,823		
Miscellaneous	_	110.000	_	-		11000
Total waste water sales		140,000		154,823		14,823
Total Operating Revenues	_	1,658,744	_	1,347,268		(311,476)
Nonoperating Revenues						
Interest on Investments	-		_	3,474		3,474
Total Revenues	_	1,658,744	_	1,350,742	•	(308,002)
Expenditures:						
Reverse osmosis plant				102 112		
Salaries and employee benefits Repairs and maintenance				183,112 21,021		
Chemicals				28,336		
Utilities				74,208		
Operating expenses	_		_	99,286		
Total	_	484,132	_	405,963		78,169
Water distribution:						
Salaries and employee benefits				248,404		
Repairs and maintenance				18,127		
Supplies Contracted services				14,184		
Operating expenses				78,883 80,427		
Total	_	453,166	-	440,025	•	13,141
	_		_		•	
Waste Water treatment:						
Salaries and employee benefits				105,404		
Repairs and maintenance Utilities				19,853		
Contracted services				28,683 3,710		
Supplies				14,563		
Operating expenses				29,693		
Total	_	239,837	_	201,906	•	37,931

Camden County, North Carolina Enterprise Fund - Water & Sewer District Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

			20	19		
		nal		tual		Variance Positive
Budgetary Appropriations:	<u></u>	dget	AC	tuai		(Negative)
Capital Outlay				-		
Interest Paid			15	3,711		
Debt Principal				25,448	_	
Total	48	31,609	47	9,159	_	2,450
Total Expenditures	1,65	58,744	1,52	27,053		131,691
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures			(17	(6,311)	_	(176,311)
Other Financing Sources and (Uses):						
Debt Proceeds		-		-		-
Capital Contributions Transfer from other funds		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					_	-
Revenues and Other Sources Over						
(Under) Expenses and Other Uses		-	(17	(6,311)		(176,311)
Appropriated Fund Balance		-			_	
Revenues, Other Sources and Appropriated						
Fund Balance Over (Under)						
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	-	\$ (17	(6,311)	\$	(176,311)

Camden County, North Carolina Enterprise Fund - Water & Sewer District Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2019	
		Variance
Final		Positive
Budget	Actual	(Negative)

Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:

Revenues, Other Sources and Appropriated		
Fund Balance Over (Under)		
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	(176,311)
Reconciling items:		
Capital Outlay		_
Principal Payments		325,448
Change in accrued vacation pay		(2,864)
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability		(34,291)
		(34,291)
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows		26 172
of resources for pensions		36,473
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows		(2.201)
of resources for pensions		(2,201)
Change in accrued OPEB		(347)
Change in accrued interest		546
Other income from Water		
Capital Projects Fund		122,050
Interest income from Water		
Capital Projects Fund		74,400
Capital contributions in Water		
Capital Project Fund		1,464,832
Depreciation		(557,799)
Total reconciling items	_	1,426,247
Change in net position	\$	1,249,936

Camden County, North Carolina Water and Sewer District Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Project Author - ization	_	Prior Years		Actual Current Year		Total to Date	_(Variance Favorable Unfavorable)
Revenues:									
Restricted intergovernmental - Rural Center \$	-,,	\$	3,489,950	\$	-	\$	3,489,950	\$	89,950
Restricted intergovernmental - CWMTF Funds	3,564,011		3,096,007		-		3,096,007		(468,004)
Restricted intergovernmental - CDBG	600,000		600,000		-		600,000		-
Other	75,905		889,362		122,050		1,011,412		935,507
Interest Income		_	16,385		9,745	_	26,130	_	26,130
Total Revenues	7,639,916	_	8,091,704	_	131,795	-	8,223,499	_	583,583
Expenditures:									
Sewer Construction:									
Legal fees	94,189		51,292		-		51,292		42,897
Land	422,900		70,360		-		70,360		352,540
Engineering	753,855		445,701		-		445,701		308,154
Collection system	1,506,029		1,463,078		-		1,463,078		42,951
Construction	6,818,822		6,818,231		-		6,818,231		591
Spray fields	1,133,161		302,362		-		302,362		830,799
Fund reserves	360,943	_	73,448	_	-	_	73,448	_	287,495
Total	11,089,899	_	9,224,472	_		_	9,224,472	_	1,865,427
Revenues over expenditures	(3,449,983)		(1,132,768)		131,795		(1,000,973)		2,449,010
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Fund balance appropriated	1,132,861		-		-		-		1,132,861
Revolving loan funds	1,367,122		1,307,809		-		1,307,809		59,313
Transfers In	950,000	_	582,291	_	-	_	582,291		367,709
Total Other Financing									
Sources (Uses)	3,449,983	_	1,890,100	_		_	1,890,100	_	1,559,883
Revenues, Other Sources Over (Under)									
Expenditures and Other Uses \$		\$_	757,332	=	131,795	\$	889,127	\$_	889,127

Camden County, North Carolina Water and Sewer District Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Project Author -	_	Prior		Actual Current		Total to		Variance Favorable
	ization		Years	_	Year		Date	_	(Unfavorable)
Revenues:		_		_		_		_	
Restricted intergovernmental - CWMTF \$	1,464,100	\$	1,217,666	\$	1,208,100	\$	2,425,766	\$	961,666
Restricted intergovernmental - RC Grant	649,875		693,600		-		693,600		43,725
Restricted intergovernmental - Golden Leaf	200,000		-		200,000		200,000		-
Restricted intergovernmental - DOT Grant	269,810		276,868		-		276,868		7,058
Other	-		18,367		56,732		75,099		75,099
Interest Income	2 502 505	_	22,701	_	64,655		87,356	_	87,356
Total Revenues	2,583,785	_	2,229,202	_	1,529,487		3,758,689	-	1,174,904
Expenditures:									
Sewer improvements	5,519,510		2,288,746		3,230,324		5,519,070		440
Professional services	115,000		19,796		-		19,796		95,204
Fund reserves	-		-		-		-		-
Total	5,634,510	_	2,308,542	_	3,230,324		5,538,866	-	95,644
Revenues over expenditures	(3,050,725)		(79,340)		(1,700,837)		(1,780,177)		1,270,548
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Fund balance appropriated	35,725		-		-		-		(35,725)
Debt proceeds	2,800,000		2,800,000		-		2,800,000		-
Transfers In	215,000		1,307,725		-		1,307,725		1,092,725
Total Other Financing						•		_	
Sources (Uses)	3,050,725	_	4,107,725	_			4,107,725	_	1,057,000
Revenues, Other Sources Over (Under)									
Expenditures and Other Uses \$		\$	4,028,385		(1.700.837)	\$	2,327,548	\$	213,548
Expenditures and Other Oses		Φ=	7,020,303	=	(1,/00,03/)	Φ	4,341,340	Φ=	213,340

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others.

Camden County, North Carolina Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Balance July 1, 2018	Net Change	Balance June 30, 2019
Social Services Fund:			
Cash and Investments	\$\$	(4,676) \$	17,104
Liabilities	\$\$	(4,676) \$	17,104
Nancy M. and H. Clay Ferebee Fund			
Cash and Investments	\$\$	33 \$	1,596
Liabilities	\$\$	33 \$	1,596
Total - All Agency Funds:			
Cash and Investments	\$ 23,343 \$	(4,643) \$	18,700
Liabilities	\$ 23,343 \$	(4,643) \$	18,700

OTHER SCHEDULES

This section includes additional information on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy
- Secondary Market Disclosures
- Ten Largest Taxpayers

Camden County, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Collectio And Cred		Uncollected Balance June 30, 2019
2018-2019	\$	\$ 8,207,076	\$ 8,057,03	38 \$	150,038
2017-2018	162,306	7,627	117,03		52,896
2016-2017	45,591	5,017	29,27		21,331
2015-2016	20,443	3,997	11,16	69	13,271
2014-2015	15,426	· -	3,05	55	12,371
2013-2014	15,835	-	2,63	34	13,201
2012-2013	15,738	-	1,75	52	13,986
2011-2012	11,528	-	52	11	11,017
2010-2011	9,033	-	33	37	8,696
2009-2010	8,479	-	14	18	8,331
2008-2009	8,688		8,68	38	-
TOTALS	\$313,067	\$ 8,223,717	\$ 8,231,64	16 \$	305,138
	Less: Allowance fo	or uncollectable taxes - General Fund		\$	(124,000) 181,138
	Reconcilement wi	th revenues:			
	Ad valorem taxes	- General Fund		\$	8,244,965
	Reconciling iter				
	Penalties and				(46,660)
	Collection of C	Old Taxes			(563)
	Release				33,904
	Total Recon	iciling Items			(13,319)
	Total Collections	and Credits		\$	8,231,646

Camden County, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy County - Wide Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Tota	l Levy
		County - wide		Property excluding Registered	Registered
	Property Valuation	Rate	Amount of Levy	Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles
Original levy:					
Property Taxes at Current Year Rate	5 1,188,480,290	0.6900%	\$ 8,200,514	\$ 7,387,065	\$ 813,449
Total Original Levy	1,188,480,290		8,200,514	7,387,065	813,449
Discoveries: Current year taxes Total Discoveries	951,014 951,014	0.6900%	6,562 6,562	6,562 6,562	<u> </u>
Abatements					
Current Year Taxes		0.6900%			
Total Abatements					
Total for Year	5_1,189,431,304_		8,207,076	7,393,627	813,449
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2019			150,038	150,038	
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 8,057,038	\$ 7,243,589	\$ 813,449
Current levy collection percentage			98.17%	97.97%	100.00%

Camden County, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy County - wide Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Secondary Market Disclosures:

Assessed	Va	luation	
Assesseu	٧a.	iuauon	÷

Assessment Ratio ¹	100	%
Real Property	\$ 1,006,347,971	
Personal Property ³	159,075,942	
Public Service Companies ²	24,007,391	_
Total Assessed Valuation	1,189,431,304	_
Tax Rate per \$100	0.69	_
Levy (includes discoveries, releases and abatements) ³	\$ 8,207,076	_

In addition to the County-wide rate, the following table lists the levies by the County on behalf and fire protection districts for the fiscal year ended June 30:

Fire Protection Districts \$ 107,016

¹ Percentage of appraised value has been established by statute.

² Valuation of railroads, telephone companies and other utilities as determined by the North Carolina Property Tax Commission.

³ The levy includes penalties and multi-rate for motor vehicles.

Camden County, North Carolina Schedule of Ten Largest Taxpayers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Taxpayer	Type of Business	2019 Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
E & J Holding LLC	Real Estate	\$ 48,828,019	4.11%
Northern Agriculture III LLC	Agricultural	14,526,338	1.22%
Albemarle Elec Membership Corp	Utility	10,452,353	0.88%
Dominion North Carolina Power	Utility	7,598,088	0.64%
Blue Sky Development, LLC	Apartment Complex	6,648,971	0.56%
Academi Training Center, Inc.	Training Facility	3,562,647	0.30%
Black Gold Farms	Agricultural	2,977,647	0.25%
John E Ferebee Farming, Inc.	Waste Disposal & Collection	2,586,176	0.22%
Cherry Hill Farms	Agricultural	2,564,559	0.22%
Camden Realty Group	Real Estate	2,564,559	0.22%
Total		\$ 102,309,357	8.60%





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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Camden County, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Camden County, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprises Camden County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2019. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Camden County ABC Board, as described in our report on Camden County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported separately by those auditors. The financial statements of Camden County ABC Board and Camden County TDA were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Camden County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Camden County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs listed 2019 - 001 & 2019 - 002 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Camden County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items, listed as 2019-001 & 2019-002.

Camden County's Response to Findings

Camden County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA

Wilmington, North Carolina November, 13, 2019



Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. 4024 Oleander Drive Suite 3 Wilmington, North Carolina 28403 Telephone (910) 791-4872 Fax (910) 395-4872

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Camden County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Camden County, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Camden County' major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Camden County' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with Federal and State Statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Camden County' major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Camden County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Camden County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Camden County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Members

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019 – 001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Camden County's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Camden County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Camden County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Camden County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2019 – 001 and 2019 - 002 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Camden County's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Camden County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

<u>Thompson</u>, <u>Price</u>, <u>Scott</u>, <u>Adams & Co.</u>, <u>PA</u> Wilmington, North Carolina November 13, 2019



Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. 4024 Oleander Drive Suite 3 Wilmington, North Carolina 28403 Telephone (910) 791-4872 Fax (910) 395-4872

Report On Compliance For Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; In accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance; and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Camden County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited Camden County, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Camden County's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Camden County's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with Federal and State Statutes, regulations, and the terms and condition of its state awards applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Camden County's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of Title 2 US *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Camden County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Camden County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, Camden County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Camden County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Camden County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA

Wilmington, North Carolina November 13, 2019

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results

<u> </u>	
Financial Statements	
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audi	ited were prepared in accordance to GAAP: Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weaknesses identified?	No
Significant Deficiency(s) identified?	Yes X None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	X Yes No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major federal programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	No
Significant Deficiency(s) identified?	Yes X None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs	:: Unmodified.
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	
Identification of major federal programs:	
<u>CFDA Numbers</u> <u>Names of Federal Program or</u>	Cluster
11.300 EDA Wastewater Treatment F	Plant Sewer Infrastructure Grant
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs	\$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	YesX_No
State Awards	
Internal control over major State programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	YesXNo
Significant Deficiency(s) identified?	Yes X None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major State programs:	Unmodified.
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act?	YesX_No
Identification of major State programs:	
Program Name Rural Economic Development Grant	

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

Finding: 2019 - 001 & 2019 - 002 See Federal Findings

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Question Costs

MATERIAL WEAKNESS
MATERIAL NONCOMPLIANCE
US Department of Agriculture

Passed through the NC Dept. of Health and Human Services Program Name: Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX)

CFDA # 93.778

Finding: 2019 – 001

Eligibility

Criteria: Medicaid for Aged, Blind and Disabled case records should contain documentation that verifications were done in preparation of the application and these items will agree to reports in the NC FAST system. In this process, documentation should be present and agree back to the records in the NC FAST system. Any items discovered in the process should be considered resources and explained within the documentation.

Condition: There were three (3) errors discovered during our procedures that resources in the county documentation and those same resources contained in NC FAST were not the same amounts or files containing resources were not properly documented to be considered countable or non-countable.

Questioned Costs: There was no affect to eligibility and there were no questioned costs.

Context: We examined 60 Medicaid applicants to re-determine eligibility. These findings were disclosed in a separately issued spreadsheet to the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services and are being reported with the financial statement audit as it relates to Medicaid administrative cost compliance audit.

Effect: For those certifications/re-certifications there was a chance that information was not properly documented and reconciled to NC FAST which affect countable resource and a participant could have been approved for benefits that they were not eligible.

Cause: Ineffective record keeping and ineffective case review process, incomplete documentation, and incorrect application of rules for purposes of determining eligibility.

Identification of a repeat finding: This is a repeat finding from the immediate previous audit, 2018-001.

Recommendation: Files should be reviewed internally to ensure proper documentation is in place for eligibility. Workers should be retrained on what files should contain and the importance of complete and accurate record keeping. We recommend that all files include online verifications, documented resources of income and those amounts agree to information in NC FAST.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The County agrees with the finding. Supervisors will perform second party reviews to ensure proper documentation is contained in files to support eligibility determinations. Workers will be retrained on what information should be maintained in case files, the importance of complete and accurate record keeping, and reserve calculations. The County finance office will also participating in the review process.

MATERIAL WEAKNESS
MATERIAL NONCOMPLIANCE
US Department of Agriculture

Passed through the NC Dept. of Health and Human Services

Program Name: Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX)

CFDA # 93.778

Finding: 2019 – 002

Eligibility

Criteria: Medicaid for Aged, Blind and Disabled case records should contain documentation that tax records and Register of Deeds were checked to verify if the individual owns property. The files should also contain documentation on any property found as to whether it is a countable resource or is exempt from the resources calculation.

Condition: There was one (1) error in one (1) file dealing with verifying real property ownership and the determination of whether it is a countable resource or is exempt from resource calculations.

Questioned Costs: There were questioned cost of \$14,376 on this\ case. This amount was determined by totaling all the aid received by the applicant who was not eligible.

Context: Of the 3,424 case files, we examined 60 applicants and determined that one applicant received assistance for which eligibility was not properly determined.

Effect: For that certification/recertification there was a chance that property was owned that would not have been treated as a countable resource and a person could have been approved for benefits that they were not eligible.

Cause: Ineffective record keeping and ineffective case review process, incomplete documentation, and incorrect application of rules for purposes of determining eligibility.

Recommendation: Files should be reviewed internally to ensure proper documentation is in place for eligibility. Workers should be retrained on what files should contain and the importance of complete and accurate record keeping. We recommend that all files include a print out as evidence that the Register of Deeds was checked and the results found or documentation made in case notes that clearly indicates what actions were performed and the results of those actions.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The County agrees with the finding. Supervisors will perform second party reviews to ensure proper documentation is contained in files to support eligibility determinations. Workers will be retrained on what information should be maintained in case files, the importance of complete and accurate record keeping, and reserve calculations. The County finance office will also participating in the review process.

Section IV. State Award Findings and Question Costs

None Reported.



Post Office Box 70, 117 NC Hwy 343 North Camden, NC 27921

Corrective Action Plan June 30, 2019

Section I. Financial Statement Findings

Findings: 2019 – 001 & 2019 - 002 See Federal Findings

Section II. Federal Award Findings and Question Costs

Finding 2019 – 001 Name of contact person: Craig Patterson, Director of Social Services

Corrective Action: Procedures and controls are being developed for caseworkers to follow. Medicaid caseworkers will receive additional training on the newly created "Documentation Policy" to remind each of the policies and procedures to be followed in the application process. Supervisors will review action reports regularly to determine if correct was taken and that action was correctly closed out. Workers will be retrained on what information should be maintained in case files, the importance of complete and accurate record keeping, and reserve calculations. The County finance office will also participating in the review process.

Proposed Completion Date: Certain controls are currently being created and reviewed. Management will continue to monitor the progress of this issue and modify the controls as needed.

Finding 2019 – 002 Name of contact person: Craig Patterson, Director of Social Services

Corrective Action: Procedures and controls are being developed for caseworkers to follow. Medicaid caseworkers will receive additional training on the newly created "Documentation Policy" to remind each of the policies and procedures to be followed in the application process. Supervisors will review action reports regularly to determine if correct was taken and that action was correctly closed out. Workers will be retrained on what information should be maintained in case files, the importance of complete and accurate record keeping, and reserve calculations. The County finance office will also participating in the review process.

Proposed Completion Date: Certain controls are currently being created and reviewed. Management will continue to monitor the progress of this issue and modify the controls as needed.

Camden County, North Carolina Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

2018 - 001 Still occuring.

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	State/ Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Federal (Direct & Pass-through) <u>Expenditures</u>	State <u>Expenditures</u>	Passed-through to <u>Subrecipients</u>	Local Expenditures
Federal Awards: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services: Division of Social Services: Administration: State Administrative Matching Grants for the						
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.561		105,284 105,284	-		105,284 105,284
U.S. Dept. of Commerce EDA Wastewater Treatment Plant Sewer Infrastructure Grant Total U.S. Department of Commerce	11.300		1,208,100 1,208,100	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services Passed-through N.C. Department of Health and Human Services: Division of Social Services: Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Cluster TANF - Work First	93.558		96.029	_	_	71,229
Total TANF Cluster	75.650		96,029	-	-	71,229
Foster Care and Adoption Cluster (Note 4)						
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658		19,350	7,467	-	10,300
Foster Care	N/A		2,187	-	-	-
Adoption Assistance	93.659			=		
Total Foster Care and Adoption Cluster (Note 4)			21,538	7,467		10,300
Child Support Enforcement	93.563		53,316	-	-	27,466
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance:						
Administration	93.568		4,132	-	-	-
Energy Assistance Payments	93.568		24,000	-	-	-
Crisis Intervention Program	93.568		12,070	-		
Total Low-Income Home Energy Assistance			40,202		-	
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program:						
- Permanency Planning - Families for Kids	93.645		2,737	-		912
Total Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program			2,737	<u>-</u>		912
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674		433	108	-	-
SSBG - Other Service and Training	93.667		25,379			8,459
Total Social Service Block Grant			25,379			8,459

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	State/ Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Federal (Direct & Pass-through) <u>Expenditures</u>	State <u>Expenditures</u>	Passed-through to <u>Subrecipients</u>	Local <u>Expenditures</u>
Division of Child Development and Early Education:						
Child Care Development Fund Cluster:						
Division of Social Services:	02.506		21.502			
Child Care Development Fund-Administration Total Child Care Fund Cluster	93.596		21,583 21,583			
Total Subsidized Child Care (Note 4)			21,583	-		-
Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services: Division of Health Benefits: Division of Social Services: Administration:						
Administration: Medical Assistance Program	93.778		367,765	322	_	135,633
Total Medical Assistance Program	75.7.70		367,765	322		135,633
Division of Social Services: Administration:						
State Children's Insurance Program - N.C. Health Choice	93.767		19,343	=		
Total State Children's Insurance Program - N.C. Health Choice			19,343			
Total U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services			648,323	7,898		253,998
Total federal awards			1,961,707	7,898		359,282
State Awards: N.C. Dept. of Commerce Rural Economic Development Grant Total N.C. Dept. of Commerce		U-493	<u>-</u>	760,951 760,951		<u>-</u>
N.C. Department of Environmental Quality Division of Waste Management Soil Conservation State Match Electronic Management Program Scrap Tire Program			- - -	3,600 644 581		- - -
Total N.C. Dept. Environmental Quality			-	4,825		
N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services Division of Social Services ST Child Welfare/CPS/CS LD State Foster Home Work First Non Reimbursable County Funded Programs			- - - -	3,240 5,693 -	- - - -	- 4,693 22,932 117,122
Total Division of Social Service			-	8,933		144,748
Total N. C. Department of Health and Human Services			-	8,933		144,748

State/ Federal			
Federal Pass-through (Direct &		d-through	
Grantor/Pass-through CFDA Grantor's Pass-through) St	tate	to	Local
Grantor/Program Title Number Number Expenditures Expenditures	nditures Su	<u>brecipients</u>	Expenditures
N.C. Dept. of Insurance			
SHIIP Grant -	2,000	-	-
MIPPA Grant -	1,000	-	-
Total N.C. Dept. of Insurance	3,000		-
N.C. Dept. of Public Safety			
Juvenile Crime Prevention Programs -	51,907	-	-
Total N. C. Department of Public Safety	51,907		-
N.C. Dept. of Transportation			
Dismal Swamp Welcome/Visitor Center DOT-13	142,857		
Total N.C. Dept. of Transportation	142,857		-
Administrative Office of the Courts			
Safe Roads Act	671	-	-
Total State awards	973,143		144,748
Total federal and State awards 1,961,707	981,041		504,030

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards:

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of the Camden County under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Camden County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of Camden County.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3: Indirect Cost Rate

Camden County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4: Cluster of Programs

The following are clustered by the NC Department of Health and Human Services and are treated separately for state audit requirement purposes: Subsidized Child Care and Foster Care and Adoption

		State/	Federal			
	Federal	Pass-through	(Direct &		Passed-through	
Grantor/Pass-through	CFDA	Grantor's	Pass-through)	State	to	Local
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	<u>Expenditures</u>	Expenditures	Subrecipients	Expenditures

Note 5: Benefit Payments Issued by the State

The amounts listed below were paid directly to individual recipients by the State from federal and State moneys. County personnel are involved with certain functions, primarily eligibility determinations that cause benefit payments to be issued by the State. These amounts disclose this additional aid to County recipients that do not appear in the basic financial statements because they are not revenues and expenditures of the

Program Title	CFDA No.	Federal	State
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women Infant and Children	10.557	2,374	-
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.551	878,181	-
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	22,871	-
Adoption Assistance	93.659	19,000	4,630
Family Preservation	93.556	414	-
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	5,373,752	2,737,460
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	111,068	-
Child Welfare Services Adoption	N/A	-	5,229
SAA/SAD HB 1030	N/A	-	2,176
SC/SA Domiciliary Care	N/A	-	50,229